ESTABLISHED 1818.

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CHERRY BRANDY.

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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28789—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892.

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Rs. 55 per Hogshead.
Rs. 28 per Kilderkin.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
‡	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	8th July.
B.L.	CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	15th "
‡*	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	22nd "
B.L.	ROHILLA	3387	700	J. E. Jephson	29th "
‡*	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	5th Augt.
B.L.	GANGES	4337	800	T. J. Allerton	12th "
‡	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	19th "
B.L.	SUTLEJ	4165	800	W.D.G. Worcester.	26th "
‡	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd Sept.
B.L.	PENINSULAR	4972	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th "
‡	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	16th "
					Saturday.
B.L.	ORIENTAL	4972	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

‡ These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

‡* These vessels proceed to Aden only and passengers transhipthere to a steamer for Brindisi and London. No passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these steamers.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S.S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.
Passengers for Australia transhipat Colombo.

July 14th July 28th.
August 11th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, June 21, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:

26th July. 23rd August. 20th Sept.

For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 29, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ORION	A. Orlando	3,200	500	1st Augt.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 300	Rs. 200	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Clas
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, at BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

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Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	A. Mitis	3,800	550	22nd July.
ELEKTRA	G. Mariani	3.800	550	22nd Aug.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	550	8th July
THISBE	F. Cossovich	3,900	500	8th Augt.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

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Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, June 29, 1892.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

THE S. S. SAFARI WILL LEAVE BOMBAY, on the 9th July, for ZANZIBAR, taking Cargo and Passengers for Lamu, Mombassa, and all Eastern Ports of Africa up to Natal.

Through Tickets are issued for all the above Ports.
Passengers are requested to be on board not later than 10 A.M., on the 9th July.
The Steamer is loading in Prince's Dock, Q Shed.

For Freight and Passage apply to

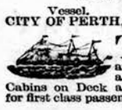
F. HEYER, Agent,
5, Bell Lane.

Bombay, 1st July, 1892.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail;
CITY OF PERTH	Kinloch	2905	About 12th July.



THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric-Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck amidships. Punkahs and every comfort for first class passengers. Crew entirely Europoan.

Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th July 1892.

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PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS, 1st and 2nd Saloon; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.

Outward, in Non-Liners, from £25 to £30 per adult, Saloon.

CONTINENTAL RAIL—TICKETS provided, and SLEEPING CAR BERTHS engaged.

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PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.

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S. S. "PACHUMBA," 868 tons, on 13th July, at noon, direct.

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S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on the 10th July, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KHANDALLA," 2,040 tons, on the 14th July, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th July, 1892. Agents.

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PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta
A STEAMER	3,917	On or about 31st July.

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ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
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PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchinson	3rd August.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	10th Aug.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	24th Aug.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed, twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

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Graham's Buildings, Bombay, July 6, 1892.]

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Watch Aneroid as above, but with altitude scale compensated, day and night compass, and thermometer	70 0
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Tourist Combination Set, comprising Flat Watch Aneroid, altitude scale, compass, Singer's or Bar needle thermometer on ivory scale, the whole mounted in leather heart-shaped case	70 0
Tourist Combination Set, same as above, but with altitude scale compensated for temperature, and best Singer's compass with agate centre and stop	80 0

N.B.—Owing to fall in Exchange our Catalogue Prices are INCREASED 10 per cent.

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SUPERIOR EXTRA LIGHT FELT HATS.

GREASE-PROOF LININGS, FASHIONABLE WELL VENTILATED.

BEST QUALITY. SHAPES. LARGE CHOICE.

BLACK,
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MOUSE,
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BAY BROWN,
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GREY,
SOFT (CLERICAL), } Rs. 8-8.
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Just arrived, a Large Choice of Elwood's Superior Sun Helmets, Hawke's Regulation Helmets, covered White Doe and Kha

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ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT

CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET.
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THACKER & COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE.

THE FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Esplanade Road, on FRIDAY, July 15th, at 5 p.m., for the transaction of the following business :—

1.—To receive the accounts made up to 30th April, and the Directors' Report.

2.—To confirm the appointment of Directors and other proceedings of the Extraordinary General Meeting held on June 21.

3.—To elect Auditors.

By order,
N. RANDLE,
Secretary and Manager.

Bombay, July 1st, 1892.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN in sending a Sample Shirt will please note that if sent Per Packet Post, with the Ends open and prepaid by Stamps, the cost does not exceed annas 2, the charge per bhangy being annas 8.

Instructions for Self-Measurement will be sent on application. They are very simple and ensure a Perfect Fit.

ASQUITH,
LORD, AND WHITMORE,
THE WELL-KNOWN SHIRT-MAKERS,
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NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES.

Sick Room Requisites and all Articles connected with
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Prices compare favourably with other Houses in India.

Special Terms to Hospitals, Dispensaries, and Practitioners.

A Trial Order is Solicited.

Up-Country Orders promptly attended and carefully executed on the same day they are received.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaik Memon Street, near Zooma Musjid,
Outside the Fort, Bombay.

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MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply unapproachable as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends, at Home, made up on shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR
DUTIABLE WEIGHTS.

FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs.	4	0 Per 100
TRABUCOS	„	3	12 „
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Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.

FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1	Rs.	4	0 Per 100
„ 2	„	3	12 „

MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS."
VERY CHOICE
REAL BURMAHS
AND
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
By direct importation.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.

Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.

List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.

Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

USEFUL PRESENTS.
GENTLEMEN'S SILVER CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES AND MATCH BOXES

Of the best European Design and Manufacture, in plain, engraved or artistically chased Cases, most suitable for presentation.

Cigar cases, Rs. 75 ; Cigarette cases, Rs. 40, 45 and 50 ; Match Boxes, Rs. 8, 15, and 20.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

LADIES' GOLD BROOCHES.—Nothing is more useful or acceptable to a Lady than a Brooch. A Select Assortment of the most Fashionable designs at exceptionally low Prices. Gold Horseshoe Brooches, from Rs. 12 ; other Designs from Rs. 10 to Rs. 50. Safety Pins, from Rs. 5.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

AMERICAN POLISHING LATHE (Double Action) for Jewellers, Electro-Platers, Metal or Stone Polishers ; size 41 by 14 inches.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, ¾ plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

MORTON, MAJU'S CEYLON TEA.—We strongly recommend this lovely Tea at Re. 1 per lb packet. Discount to large purchasers.—MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

A REAL SHAH NAMA.—A rare Manuscript written 150 years ago in a nice hand and richly bound in the Oriental style, worth not less than Rs. 200. Apply to KHAN BAHADUR G. M. MUNSHI and SONS, Anglo-Oriental Book Depot, 52, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, a few VICTORIA JUBILEE HAND ORGANS, with 48 Steel Harmonium reeds and with 12 endless tunes and case complete ; Rs. 125. Never imported into India before.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

TO LET, a FIRST and THIRD STOREYS, with a GODOWN, at Rampart Row, near Messrs. Cutler, Palmer and Co., a Stable for four Horses and two Carriages. Apply to DADABHOY BOMONJEE JEEJEEBHOY, Church Gate Street.

WANTED, a CARDER and a SPINNER, thoroughly qualified for an Up-Country mill. Apply stating terms with copies of testimonials to MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.

WANTED, an ENGLISH LADY of high respected family for giving TUITION in English and Music to a Zenana Begum, presently in Poona for the season, afterwards in up-country. Apply to "SH," care of this Paper.

DAHLIAS, 30 DISTINCT SORTS ; Begonias, Gloxisias, Garden Seeds, Pumps, and other Sundries.—PALEKAR & Co., Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

SOMETHING NEW.—"INDIAN PLATE POLISH" positively makes Silver-ware, Electro-plate, etc., equal to new ; makes Brass equal to Silver in one minute. Price Re. 1.—C. A. CUTTRISS and Co., Jewellers, Fort.

QUALITY being the first consideration.—Cheapest House in India for TEA, COFFEE, COCOA, CIGAR, CIGARETTE, TOBACCO, SMOKING REQUISITES, &c., &c.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ELECTRIC FANS, WORKED BY DRY BATTERIES. Electric Chairs, Tables, Medical Boxes, Electric Strong Rooms, Money Safes, Cash Boxes, Electric Carpets, &c.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

STRIPED FLANNEL SUITS (Coat and Trousers), thoroughly Shrunk, Superior Cut and Manufacture, Rs. 27 cash—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, TO BE LET, ROOMS above E. D. Sassoon and Co. Apply to "R. T.," care of this Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

FOR SALE.—NAGUR'S Patent World Renowned Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, CHESTS, Patent Key Detective Locks, Cash Boxes, Paper Boxes, &c., &c. Safes by all English and Foreign makers. Repairs carefully executed.—NAGUR and Co., 92, Apollo Street, Bombay.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 5.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

SHOULD you want your SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS supplied, Cleaned, and Repaired to entire satisfaction, try DANNEY & Co., Cutlers, 20, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, the Cheapest House.

WILL FORMS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 As. each. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

£1,69,2,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

FRESH BUTTER and CREAM of the English Diary Co., Kalbadevi Road, are unrivalled for CHEAPNESS, PURITY, and EXCELLENCE. Butter delivered at home, Ans. 14 per lb. Cream, Ans. 10 per lb. Mofussil orders promptly executed.

HOP-ALE, Ginger-Ale, Raspberryade, Gingerade, Lemonade, Tonic Water, and Seltzer, 12 Annas per dozen.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar :—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj. Reporter :—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India) :—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tanna Water-Works :—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq, Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway :—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. ; Phillips & Co., &c. at Re. 1.

ELECTRIC BELLS, Rs. 3 ; complete with Battery push and wires Rs. 8, Hand Telephones Rs. 4, complete Stations from Rs. 18. Spare Material, Switches, Wires, large stock always on hand.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4. for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TO CLEAR A CONSIGNMENT.—The following Wines of best qualities can be had very cheap :—Legarde and Co.'s Champaigne, Musadel and Prunello Wines, Cocoa Bitters, and Chateau Margaux Claret, from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street ; also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS, indispensable during the Monsoon. A small lot of these just to hand. Apply to JOHN ROBERTS and Co. Ld., 18, Marine Street.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES !!! The Portable ElectricLight Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

ELECTRIC MEDICAL BOXES for Home or Hospital use (complete set), giving 5 different currents. A first-class Electric Machine sold at Rs. 10 only. Equal, if not superior, to Machines costing 4 to 8 times as much.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

SWIFT AND FARROW, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, etc, undertake Collection of outstanding debts.—No. 9, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed. Price 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parsee Bazar Street, opposite Messrs. Graham and Co.'s office, by order of Messrs. Dossabhai Merwanjee and Co., Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines, to make room for new stock, Wheeler and Wilson's original and genuine sewing machines, from No. 1 to No. 12, cloth and leather, Waltham's silver watches, first quality, Read and Barton's plated ware, superior quality, Warner's lamps, burning without chimney, American victoria, street post lamps, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS.

Under instructions from Messrs. R. R. Parakh & Co. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Ookerda Khetsy, the owner of the Ookerda Khetsy Mill, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 11th July, at 3 p.m., at their Rooms, the following mill stores consisting of Catch box for double scutcher :—

Bobbin wheels for roving and slubbing.
Can shaft wheel for drawing.
Card chain.
Dut Roller Wheel.
Warm wheel for card.
Spindle wheels for slubbing.
Roving collars, brackets, forks, &c.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

1 mahogany square pianoforte by C. H. Schroder.
On account and at the risk of Vithaldass Rasikdass, Esq—
No S G 535 M 1642-45—4 cases saffron.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong office-shigram in good order.
1 serviceable second-hand double-seated brougham.
1 light and strong victoria.
1 strong built open carriage in complete order.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

HANDSOME PEGU PONIES FOR SALE.

On MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

6 handsome young Pegu Ponies just imported.
The Ponies can be seen at the Timber Depot of Mr. Hajee Oosman Aba at Waree Bunder, opposite Prince's Dock.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On TUESDAY, the 12th July, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, Marine Street, Fort, the stock-in-trade of the late Gangjee Virjee, consisting of teak and blackwood household furniture, glassware, crockery, pictures, lamps, China and Japanese flower-vases table-ornaments, small safe, etc.

The property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 14th July, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Street, Fort, opposite the Old Secretariat Building, (where the whole kit has been removed for sale) the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, a large photographic camera, with stand and fittings, one eight stops nearly new harmonium, glass and crockery, Brussels carpets, lamp, pictures, &c., the property of ARDESHER BYRAMJEE LIMBOOWALA, Esq., proceeded up-country.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY ON THE FALKLAND ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On TUESDAY, the 12th July, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Savitribai, widow of Sudoo bin Withoba Mahadick and Condajee bin Sudoo Mahadick, an infant by his mother and natural guardian, the said Savitribai, widow, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage dated the 25th day of March, 1886, the following property, viz :—

All that piece of fazundaree ground, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, on the northern side of Falkland Road, in the sub-district of Fort, formerly and now in the occupation of the said mortgagors and their tenants, assessed by the Collector of Assessment formerly under No. 110, then under No. 125, and now under Street No. 8, and ward No. 2,303, standing in the name of Sudoo bin Withoba Mahadick, deceased, containing by admeasurement 316 and two-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by public passage called Duncan Road Row leading to Falkland Road, on the west by sweeper's passage, on the north by the house of Hajee Joosub Ahmed, and on the south by the house of Oomer Peroo.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT CHINCHPOOGLY, BEING

A Bungalow and Compound attached, measuring about 2,309 square yards more or less ; the land is pension tax.

The sale is in pursuance and in exercise of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 11th day of December, 1888, and made between Jamsetjee Ratanjee Bottliwalla, of Bombay, Parsi inhabitant, of the one part, and the Money Lending and Land Investment Company, Limited, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act of 1882, formerly carrying on business in Bombay, but now in liquidation, of the other part and at the instructions of Mr. Ballajee Sittaram Kothari, the liquidator of the Company, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst at 4 p.m.—

All that piece or parcel of foras freehold now salt batty ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at or near Chinchpoogly, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,309 square yards or thereabouts, be the same little more or less, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 664, 665, 733, 737, and 762, and assessed in the books of the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Taxes under ward No. 2225, street No. 264, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the north partly by the ground of Sivjee Kondajee and partly by the ground of Ramo thur Chindejee, on or towards the south by the ground of Moro Tukaram, on or towards the east by Foras Road leading from Byculla to Mahim, and on or towards the west by a water-drain, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of John Pyne and are now in the occupation of the mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Freere, and Nicholson, Solicitors for the liquidator, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, July 8, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 41, Upper Colaba, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, oleographs and pictures, Hinks's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of Lieut. C. F. PEACOCKE, R.A.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF TENTS.

Under instructions from the Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay District, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will TOMORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the Crescent, opposite the Sailors' Home—

6 camp equipage tents.
The above are now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a few articles of furniture, &c., consisting of chairs, teapoys, tables, cupboards, lamps, wearing apparel, medical books, sword belts, &c., the property of a gentleman proceeded to Europe.

10 cases Calcutta tea, (dust) salt water damaged.
1 case containing best table and hanging lamps, also three lights, chandeliers, duplex Burner-wicks, chimney, &c.,

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of Messrs. Shaik Budroodin and Sons of Agra—

257—1 case chocolate.
1 „ dolls.
2 cases toys.

On account and risk of Messrs. Pearse and Co—
110 dozen glass chimnies.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 second-hand strong palanquin office shigram.
1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 powerful bay Arab horse, aged, quiet to ride and drive.
1 strong-built Victoria ; with removeable coach box.
1 pair of nice handsome "spaniels" the property of a Gentleman.
1 bicycle
1 pair of strong bay Australian horses, both go in single and double harness, with a handsome English-built 4 seated barouche and a set of plated mounted harness.
1 bay Arab pony, aged, height 13 hands, good looking, perfectly quiet in saddle, has played Polo.
1 light bay waler gelding, 15¾, goes in saddle and harness, free from vice and tricks.

By order of Purshotam Dhurumsy and on account and risk of Narayen Harrichandra Mantry.

1 dog-cart with horse and harness.

On WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medow Street, Fort, below Mr. N. M. Petit's Office, the stock-in-trade of a furniture dealer, breaking up his establishment, consisting of teak and blackwood french-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, Brussels carpets, 1 and 2 light hanging argand lamps, fancy glass table ornaments, oleographs and pictures, &c., &c.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, July 8, 1892.

CLARKE'S

UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE,

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles ; or for doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE

FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. It will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon ; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.

SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, CHEMIST,
SOLE AGENT,
56, Beehoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce, that in view of possible INCONVENIENCE CAUSED to certain Members of the MILITARY and CIVIL SERVICE by the recent SUSPENSION of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Ld., they are willing to make ADVANCES against Credit Balances on that Bank to Officers and Civilians, on their OPENING CURRENT ACCOUNTS with them.

MESSRS. THOMAS COOK & SON, Bankers and Army Agents, Bombay and Calcutta, beg to announce that they are prepared to make Advances to MILITARY and CIVIL Servants holding Credit Balances in the NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Ld.

WE are prepared to attend to the REALISATION of CLAIMS on the NEW ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION, Ld. Terms on application.

For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of I. L. and China,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

Bombay, 10th June, 1892.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

MEMBERS of the Services having CREDIT BALANCES or DEPOSITS with the New Oriental Bank Corporation are informed that Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co. are prepared to place Funds at their disposal on terms to be obtained on application.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.

Bombay, June 11, 1892.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. OTARD, DUPUY & Co., of Cognac, have APPOINTED US their AGENTS IN INDIA, and we are receiving from this very Old Established Cognac House a First Consignment Per S. S. "Peninsular."

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Bombay.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BEYTS, CRAIG AND CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned has been AUTHORIZED by the SPECIAL MANAGER APPOINTED by the Court of Bankruptcy in London, to TAKE CHARGE of all the ESTATE of the above firm. All persons having any moneys, documents or effects belonging or due to the said firm, are, therefore, requested to hand over the same to the Undersigned, and are warned against parting therewith to any other person or persons whomsoever—Dated this 6th day of July, 1892.

H. G. FIDLER, Agent,
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION

NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Bombay Underwriters' Association, will be held in the Rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, Graham's Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, at 5 P. M., to receive the Report of the Outgoing Committee, to appoint the Committee for the year 1892-93, and to transact any other business that may be brought forward.

By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.

Bombay, 5th July, 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, Tenders for the SUPPLY up to 500 tons of best quality MOULMEIN or RANGOON TEAK LOG TIMBER for immediate delivery.

Tenderers to quote the price per ton of 50 cubic feet delivered at the Company's Loco. Workshops, Parel, and state the maximum percentage of rejections allowed in the raft.

Tenders must be accompanied also by the specification of shipments, showing clearly whether the Timber tendered is Moulmein or Rangoon.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 4th July, 1892.

WANTED.

WANTED,

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT KINDERGARTEN-TEACHER. Applications with copies of certificates and statement of terms to be sent to The SECRETARY, The Bombay Scottish Education Society, Marine Lines.

THOMAS H. GREIG.

Bombay, 6th July, 1892.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 149 Military Messes and 38 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
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CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
OOLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
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LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
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NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
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CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith.
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J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
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ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.
MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
PORTS—From Hooper Bros., Oporto.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gastelu E. Yriarte, Cadiz.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness.
DETAILED LIST OF PRICES & TERMS FROM
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
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INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two letters to the "Bombay Gazette," and a Lecture by
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THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
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PROPRIETARY BRANDS :—

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NOTICE :—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 in.
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SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 „ „ 3 „ „
3 „ „ 2 „ „

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J. B. LEE,
Acting Agent.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

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CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, AND MANDALAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand ; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$	63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

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40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

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FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 1,055
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 per. ct.	1,020
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	453—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	186
New Oriental Bank	56,000	£10	all	3 pr. ct.	nil
Silver Share	—	—	—	—	"

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	470
Anglo-Indian	4,345	100	100	5	87
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay Unit-ed	900	1,000	1,000	25	580
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	—	325 no
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	440
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1150
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	INil	500
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1065
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	710
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	12½	64½
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	640
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	1,698	100	100	50	450
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	442½
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	880
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	655
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	470
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	725
Hingungha Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	655
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	950
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	—	405
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1035
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	660
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil.	34½
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	205
Jewraj Balood	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830
Jubilee Mills Co. Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	655
Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	495
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	191
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	705
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1085
Madras United.	350	1,000	1,000	100	2225
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15pr.ct.	500 no
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1485
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	6	125
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,775
Maharaja Sayaji Rao S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105 pa
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	16½
National	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	660 xd
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	430
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1240
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	690
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,100
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	1,450
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	4	1,350
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	465
Southern India	1,000	500	500	N	100non
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	297½
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	12½	207½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	325
Swadeshi Mills	5,000	500	500	Rs. 25	505
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	200	1,000	1,000	50	620
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700 x
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	—	710
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	—	600 nom

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	£ 1,000	200	200	10	260
Bank of Bombay	£ 750	50	150	7½	19½
Bank Hay	500	50	50	12	40
Badhanpur Pile	5,000	100	100	12	106
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co. Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100non
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,100
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	67½	1,033
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	90
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	910
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyser & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	—	70 nom
Indian Guarantee & Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	15
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100xd.
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	316
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	130
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	86
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	60
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	—	90
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	191
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	1				
Port Canning Co	4,000	100	100	47 pr.ct.	85
Prince of Wales Fireln.	6,000	2,000	1,000	20	462½
Royal Flour Mills	220	3,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Soundy & Co.	2,500	100	100	—	20
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,00	100	100	5 pr.ct.	23
Do.	Prf. 1,00	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	880
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	70
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	2	Re. 1	19½

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	Yearly	1,100 x
Albert Glinting Co	100	500	all	75	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	18 pr.ct.	980
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	90	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	300
Bombay Cotton Broul's Cawnpore Press Co Ld	1,000	125	125	Rs. 40	122½
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	500	200	200	10	135
Colaba	600	200	all	16	220
East India	500	1,000	1,000	—	30
English Press and Manfg	350	1,000	1,000	245 dvd	325
Fort	400	250	250	130	1,450
French	515	2,500	2,500	Rs. 20	175
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	100	850
Hengoli Press Co. Ld	450	500	500	50	455
Khangaum	750	400	all	50	1383½
Mahmadpura Cotton & Prs. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	33½	475
Mercantile	300	500	500	63	515
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct.	503
Munmar M	1,125	400	400	Rs. 40	85
New Herald	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	90
New Indian	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	460
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	237
Sabapathy (Bellary)	00	500	500		121½
Sassoon	500	500	500	75	400
Sind and Punjab Co	300	500	500	20	500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	25	500
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	135	1,150
Surat Coty Press Co., Ld.	1,200	250	250	35	445
Zilkart	375	200	all	75	210
		1,000	100	Rs. 100	245

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 15-10
Carolas	" 225
Mexican Dollars	" 222
Five Franc Pieces Gold	" 306
Bar Silver	" 106-8
Gold Leaf	" 24-8
Bar Gold, English	" 24-12
Bar Australian	" 24-12
Bar Bombay	" 24-11
Bar Pekin	" 24-7

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Chanda (s), from Calcutta ; and Huzara (s), Moulmein.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Treglisson (s), for Port Said ; and Darlington (s), Karachi.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day, at 5-15 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind, per extra s. s. La Seyne, will be closed, at the General Post Office, at 1 p.m., on Sunday, the 10th instant.

A STREET ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday evening, whilst a woman, named Motlibai, was walking along Memanwada with a basket on her head, she was accidentally knocked down, and run over by Dr. Manser's carriage, with the result that her left leg was fractured. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

STUDENTS' SOCIAL PURITY LEAGUE.—In connection with the second quarterly meeting of the League Mr. D. W. Pilgamkar will deliver a lecture this evening, at 6-30, in the hall of the Shivaji High School. Subject : "The Moral Aspect of the Opium Question." Dr. B. K. Bhatawadekar, the president of the League, will occupy the chair.

MAHOMEDANS SOCIAL AND LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—Last evening, at 5-30 p.m., a special meeting of the above Association was held, at Grant Road, to give an address to M. P. Srivastan, barrister-at-law, of Lucknow, who has come from England lately, after his success there in the bar. Mr. Budrudin Kur presided.

BAI HEERABAI BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary, situated at Tardeo, during the month of June last, was 1,197, of which number 436 were new admissions. The number of males was 800 ; females 197 ; and children 200. The number of Hindoos was 892; Mahomedans, 109; Parsees, 138 ; and Christians, 58.

RASH DRIVERS.—At the Esplanade Police Courts, yesterday, two hack victoria-drivers were charged, before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, with driving rashly at the Prince's Dock, on the 4th instant, and thereby endangering public safety. The Magistrate remarked that it was a very dangerous practice to race along the public road, and fined the accused Rs. 5 each.

YOUTHFUL GAMBLERS.—Yesterday, two Mahomedan youths, aged 14 and 10, respectively, were placed, before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of gambling, during the *Eed* holidays. Two dice and Rs. 2-3-0 were found on the spot. The accused pleaded guilty, and his Worship, taking into consideration that it was a festive day, fined Rs. 2 each, or in default sentenced them to suffer two week's rigorous imprisonment.

SUICIDE.—On Wednesday night, Janoo Govind, about 45 years of age, residing at Kazipoora, ran out of his room, and threw himself into a tank, at Stable Road, Cammatipura. An alarm was immediately raised, and a Hindu went into the tank, and brought out the body in about an hour, but life was then extinct. The deceased had been suffering from fever for some time past. An inquest was held yesterday, by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, and a verdict of suicide while under the delirium of fever was recorded.

A GROSS PIECE OF CRUELTY.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, the agent to the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals charged a hack victoria-driver with using a lean and sore-necked horse, and some ten labour cart-drivers with driving bullocks with sore necks. All the accused admitted the truth of the complaint. The Magistrate fined the first accused Rs. 4, and the others, varying from Rs. 3 to Rs. 2 each, and ordered the horse and the bullocks to be sent to the hospital.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme will be played at the Yacht Club, by the Band of the 5th Bombay Light Infantry, this evening, at 6 o'clock (weather permitting).

Quadrille	Olympia	Williams.
Overture	Charles VI	Halevy.
Valse	Un Premier Bouquet	E. Waldteufel.
Grand Selection	Il Bravo	Mercadante.
Song	My Pretty Jane	A. Kappey.
Polka Mazurka	Emily	M. Relle.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE VELIBAI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—At this dispensary established in Punchvati, Nasik, 3,598 patients were treated in the month of June last. Amongst them 2,670 were Hindoos, 832 Mahomedans, 30 Parsees, and 16 Christians. Of the Hindoos, who were treated at the abovementioned dispensary, 407 were from Punchvati, 1603 from Nasik and 660 from adjacent villages. Of the Mahomedans 21 were from Punchvati, 675 from Nasik, and 186 from adjacent villages. Of the Parsees, 28 were from Nasik, and 11 adjacent villages. Of the Christians 5 were from Nasik and 11 from adjacent villages, 25 minor cases of surgical operations and of extracting teeth were also performed at the dispensary during the month.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, Ratamal Sardarmal charged one Kesarimal Tilani, with criminal breach of trust as a servant and missappropriation of Rs. 5,475, belonging to his master. The accused was in charge of his master's cash, and he absconded with the above-stated amount. He was arrested on a warrant at Navanagar. The accused on being called upon to question the complainant stated that what had been stated in the information was true, that he was guilty of the offence, but he did not use the money himself. He speculated in gold, and with his master's money he paid in his losses. The Magistrate sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JULY 7.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou is temporarily prohibited.

Cable Mossamedes-Cape Town, interrupted.
Turkish route interrupted beyond Busreh.
Line Bangkok-Saigon, interrupted.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 7th July, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	*5	11	5	50	49
Teheran	7	1	26 p.m.	...	26
Suez	7	2	55 p.m.	...	9

*Received by post over interrupted section.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 7th July, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	35	—	1
" Kurrachee	..	30	—	1
" Madras	..	42	—	1

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

THE following is the statement of traffic for the 12 days ending 30th June, 1892 :—

	Coaching Traffic. Coaching Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total. Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total ..	3,04,375	6,69,088	35,667	10,09,130
Corresponding 10 days last year, open 1,484½ miles..	..	..	..	9,92,425

Increase ..... Rs. 16,705.

THE Rev. E. Husband, of Folkestone, writes to the *Standard* to tell the story of an intelligent sheep. The sheep apparently accosted him on the highway, "looking up at him like a pet dog and bleating in a most piteous way." The heart of the reverend gentleman was so touched that he descended from the tricycle that he was riding and accompanied the sheep to the further end of a large field, where he found another sheep struggling to get out of a stream into which it had fallen.

THE MUNICIPAL TOWN DUTY REFUND CASE.

THE case, in which Dustur, Edalji Pestonji Sanjana is charged with cheating Rao Saheb Virparsad Tapiparsad, Municipal Town Duty Refund and Audit Officer, in respect of certain town duty refunds, was resumed yesterday afternoon, before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Crawford, solicitor, of the firm of Messrs. Crawford, Buckland, Burder and Bayley, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. P. M. Mehta, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormasji, defended the accused. The case for the prosecution having terminated, Mr. Mehta opened the proceedings with the cross-examination of the several witnesses.

Rao Saheb Virparsad Tapiparsad, cross-examined by Mr. Mehta, stated that the whole of the Municipal Town Duty Refund Department was in his charge. When a claim for refund was first presented, it was received by the assistant examiner, Town Duty Refund Claims, Mr. Waman Bhaskar Joshi, who examined that all the formalities required were complied with. The formalities were, that the application should be on the prescribed form duly signed by the "bona-fide" exporter, that it was accompanied by the town duty import claim, the railway export certificate, and by the receipt form for the money claimed in duplicate. After examining that the marks and the general description of goods corresponded in the different documents, he attached to those papers the duplicate railway certificate obtained by the Municipality from the railway authorities direct, put his initials over them, and handed over the whole case to the registration clerk. The arrangement for getting the duplicate railway certificate was to have a check upon the certificate given to the exporter being tampered with. The registration clerk entered the claim in the register, gave a number to it, and passed it over to one or other of the two calculation clerks, who calculated the amount of refund and put it on the back of the application. Those papers then went into the hands of one or other of the two checking clerks, who checked the calculations, entered the amount admissible on the margin of the receipts and initialled them. Those papers were then submitted to the examiner of Town Duty Refund Claims, Mr. R. N. Coyaji. He examined all the documents and sometimes checked the calculations, and then put his initials on the margin of the receipt forms. The claim then came to him. He used to examine them, and see that the amount was entered on the back of the import bill, which ought to have been entered by one or other of the calculation clerks, after examining those documents he (the witness) signed the refund certificates and also the entry on the back of the import bill. The claim then went back to the registration clerk, who entered in the register the amount sanctioned. The original receipt form, together with the refund certificate duly signed by the audit officer and the import bill were then handed over by the delivery clerk to the claimant or his agent, namely the "cheeteewalla," who signed the receipt of those papers in a book kept at the office. After some time the receipt was brought back to his office duly signed by the exporter. The Assistant Examiner of Refund Claims compared the signature thereon with that in the office specimen signature book, and if there was no difference he signed it as also the order for payment on the reverse side. The receipt was then presented to the Chief Accountant, who compared it with the list of refunds sent in by the audit department and paid the amount. From the time a claim was presented to his office and left it, it took from eight days to a month, and in some cases the receipt was not presented for a long time. The "cheeteewallas" were for the convenience of trade, they had come into existence since the establishment of the Refund Department. There were about twenty-eight to twenty-nine "cheeteewallas," the principal of them, being the firm of Naran and Jetha, consisting of four partners, namely, Jetha Dhunjee, Naran Ipjee, Hajee Joosub Abdulla, and Ramdass Odhavdas. He could not say that a certain cheeteewalla dealt in claims on certain dutiable articles. He believed that Naran and Jetha dealt in sugar, grains, and molasses and other things except liquor. The bulk of the claims came from that firm. There was a cheeteewalla of the name of Jeevraj Gopal, but he had not presented any claim since January. He was aware that Naran and Jetha signed all or most of the claims as exporters. He did not know that Naran and Jetha sent in claims signed by Jetha Dhanjee, a partner of their firm, as the exporter. Here Mr. Mehta asked the witness to produce his records. On looking over the records, he (the witness) stated that he found that the claims as pointed out by Mr. Mehta were sent in by Naran and Jetha signed by Jetha Dhanjee as the exporter. Even after seeing those claims, he could not say that Naran and Jetha sent in claims in the name of Jetha Dhunjee as the exporter. A large number of the claims sent in by Naran and Jetha were in the name of Jetha Dhunjee as the exporter. The witness here confessed that his attention was not drawn to the circumstance that in the claims sent in by Naran and Jetha the name of Jetha Dhanjee was as the exporter, because his audit did not require him to ascertain who the exporter was and because there was nothing to present a cheeteewalla from doing business on his own behalf.

After tiffin, Mr. Veerparsad in his further cross-examination, said that he had inquired of Dyal Lalji's muccadum whether Jetha Dhunjee was the real exporter. On questioning Jetha Dhunjee, the witness stated that he said that he was asked to prepare the consignment notes and also sign the refund claim certificates. He did not give a straightforward answer that he was the real exporter. He (the witness) did not think those answers as evasive, nor could he say so now. In the claim No. 85-39 for 40 bags of sugar, both the railway certificate and the claim were signed by Jetha Dhunji as the exporter. The railway certificate for that consignment was in the name of G. Chaturbhuj, and it was only for six bags of sugar. He was satisfied that in the two cases shown him, Jetha Dhunjee was not the real exporter. He could not say that his answer, as to who the real exporter was, was evasive and he had similarly defrauded the Municipality. He had been advised to prosecute him also. He had made inquiries since the proceedings in the present case, that Jeevraj Gopal, a "cheeteewalla," had signed certain claims and railway certificates as the exporter. Turning over to claim 6,236 he found that Jeevraj Gopal's name was put down as the exporter. He could not say that Jeevraj Gopal generally signed the railway certificates and the claims as the exporter, though he was not the real exporter. In certain claims, in which he had inquired, he found that Jeevraj Gopal had signed as the exporter. He did not know Jeevraj Gopal nor had ever seen him. When any man was recognised as a "cheeteewalla" due inquiries were made about him. He had been connected with the Refund Audit office for nearly eleven years, but was in charge of the office as the head for the last two years only. As to the claim, No. 6,236 the claims were for 61, 61 and 60 bags of sugar respectively, while the consignment notes were for 16 bags of sugar and 6 bags of sugar and 15 bags of dry dates. Those consignment notes were made out in the name of Chaturbhuj Lalji as the consignor. In claim, No. 7,929, both the claim and railway certificate were in the name of Jeevraj Gopal as the exporter. The claims were for the bags of sugar in each, while the consignment notes were for 3 cases respectively of bar soap and 10 bags of sugar. The name of the consignor was Sultanali Sulamanjee in one and Jevraj Gopal in the other. He further stated that he had inquired and found that several other "cheeteewallas" had signed the railway certificate and claims as the exporters.

The case at this stage was adjourned until next Thursday afternoon.

THE WOLF SCARE AT MEERUT.

WOLVES bit two boys and a man on Saturday night, and also bit a child in the officers' compound of the Native Infantry at Meerut. The animals have been causing great uneasiness and every European's compound has its loaded gun in readiness. The pariahs, that used to familiarly prowl about compounds promiscuously exist no more, having been often mistaken for wolves and shot. On Monday morning a dead wolf was brought in. After an inquiry as to whether the killer of the wolf should get the usual reward or the special reward of Rs. 10 it was decided in favour of the shikari, who said he shot it near the Budhana gate, with slugs. The animal was simply huge, and a male. On being cut open the stomach was found to contain a whole arm of a child, of apparently two years of age, and other remains. Crowds of persons collected in the Cutcherry compound to see the mancating wolf, and numbers said that the animal was as large as a small donkey, and so it looked.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY NOTIFICATION.

THE Homjee Cursetjee Dady Prize.—In addition to the usual prize of books of the value of Rs. 200, the Syndicate have resolved to award Rs. 300 to the writer of the successful essay of 1893. The following subject has been selected by the Syndicate for the competitive essays for the above prize in 1893 :—"Warren Hastings."

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Mild, and Emolient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents,—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Farran presided at a sitting of the court yesterday.

RE ANTONIO LOSSASO.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, applied for the usual interim order, which was granted.

RE SAIYAD MIRZA SHIRAZEE.

Mr. Badshah, instructed by Messrs. Framjee and Moos, asked for a week's time to file the schedule. The insolvency was a heavy one, the liabilities amounting to six lakhs of rupees. The New Oriental and the Hongkong and Shanghai Banks had not yet filed their claims. Certain documents relating to the accounts were to be translated from Persian, which precluded the insolvent from filing a correct schedule. His Lordship directed an affidavit to be filed setting forth the above circumstances. The application was refused.

RE WALLABHJEE POONJA.

Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Janardun and Unwalla, on behalf of Kaikhosro Rustomjee Unwalla, a creditor, asked that the petition be dismissed on the ground of want of prosecution. It was filed as far back as July last year, but no steps had been taken since to proceed with the insolvency.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, moved for leave to amend the schedule and to serve notices. The insolvent was willing to proceed with the petition, but had no notice about the present application.

His lordship granted a rule *nisi* calling upon the insolvent to show cause why he should not proceed with his petition.

RE POONUMCHAND KHUSHALCHAND.

Mr. Manker, for a creditor, asked for leave to make an alteration in the adjudication order.

His lordship enquired what the last order of the court was.

Mr. Manker had no note of the order with him, and could not answer the enquiry.

His lordship therefore made no order in the matter.

RE JAISINGRAO ALIAS ANNA SAHEB BOVA.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for the usual interim order, which was granted.

RE AHMED ALI MEMON.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent was granted an extension of his interim order for three months.

RE CHINTAMON BALCRISHNA BARVE.

On the aplication of the same learned counsel, the insolvent was granted leave to amend the schedule.

RE CURSETJEE RUTTONJEE.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, asked for an extension of the interim order, and for leave to serve notices. A delay in serving the letter had occurred by reason of the non-arrival of accountsales from England for goods shipped from Bombay. His lordship granted an extension of the interim order for three months.

RE MORARJEE DYAL.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, moved for leave to amend the schedule, and the application was granted.

RE SHAPURJEE RUSTOMJEE AYRATOONWALLA.

Mr. Vicajee, for a creditor, asked for a month's postponement of the examination of the insolvent and his wife on the ground that they were hiding, and were nowhere to be found, the result being that the required notices could not be served upon them. His lordship postponed the matter *sine die*.

RE JAIKISSONDAS PURSHOTUMDAS.

Mr. Jardine, for the insolvent, asked for a rule *nisi*, calling upon the petitioning creditors to show cause why the order of adjudication of the 28th June last should not be revoked.

His lordship granted a rule *nisi*, making it returnable on the 26th inst.

DISCHARGES.

The undermentioned insolvents were granted discharges :—Soorjoo Budhilal Bania ; Yeshwant Venayek Tamani and another ; Thomas George Swinden ; Henry James Chatten ; Ebrahim Dhondee ; and Henry James Cargin.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

THE MHOW "BUILDING" CASE.

IMPERATRIX VS. CHARLES MACIVOR.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Colonel W. Peat, Cantonment Magistrate of Mhow, who, on the 6th May last, convicted the defendant of erecting a building in a military cantonment without the permission of the military authorities, section 50, chapter 3 of Cantonment regulations ; and fined him Rs. 50. Mr. N. G. Chandvarkar appeared for the defendant ; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in delivering the decision of the Court, said :—The question here is whether the structure set up by the appellant is such a building as rule 50 refers to. The Cantonment Magistrate in his judgment states it to be "an unroofed court yard to a servant's house, made of lattice work, with strong wooden uprights and rails laid along the top of the uprights." It is put up for keeping fowls in and the only witness examined, Captain Cahusac, says it is not what he would call a house or hut. We are of the same opinion that the structure does not come within the ordinary meaning of these words. Moreover, a penal provision is not to be strained against the subject. The Contonment Magistrate is in error in supposing that rule 50 prohibits a resident in a Cantonment from erecting anything whatever. It is carefully limited to houses and huts. There may indeed be smaller or more temporary erections which do not come within the meaning of these two common words ; and which under certain circumstances may be objectionable from a sanitary point of view or as encroachments on roads. Such things are dealt with in rule 51 ; but there plain words are added, such as, "shed enclosure, awning or chubootra." As no such words are used in rule 50 the only possible construction is that rule 50 does not apply to these minor structures. It appears that the structure is not objectionable from the point of view of rule 51. For the above reasons we reverse the conviction and sentence and direct the return of the fine, if levied.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 8.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Undefended New Long Cause.

251-92—Brown and Co—Morarjee Cullianjee and others vs Hajee Abd Rahim—H Husson.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

228-92—Little, S F and N—The Revd J C Herdman and others vs Harilal Kasidas Choksey—J C Cama.

535-90—Tyabjee and D—Ramdas Luckminarrayen vs Bherobaksh Dhundmar and others—Bhaishanker and K.

125-92—Bicknell and M—Charles Heiniger vs Oomar Jamal—Ardesir H and D.

451-91—Little, S F and N—Joshi Purshotum Canjee vs Joshi Dewjee Ashee—Nanu and H.

537-91—Tyabjee D and J—Dayal Narronjee vs Sewjee Prag-jee—Crawford B and Co.

573-91—Thakurdas, D and C—Damodar Goculdas and another vs Sajankoonvar Bansidhar—Bicknell and M.

139-91—Edgelow and G—Mayachund Kessore vs P A Herford and another—Crawford, B and Co.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act 6 of 1882 and in the matter of the Bellary Press Co—Muljee and R—for petitioner.

604-91—In person (a pauper)—Moorlee Ruckmabai Telin vs Sha Ruttonsi Bhimsi and another—In person.

200-92—Edgelow and G—Kanyalal Joynarayan vs Bangwandas Ramjeedas and another—R S Brown and Co.

Defended New Long Causes.

238-92—Roughton and B—Radhakisson Ghanshamdas and others vs Shedmal Tunsookroy—H S Dikshit.

239-92—Pestonjee R and K—Bai Maneckbai and others vs Sorabjee Cowasjee Nan Mody—Ardesir H and D.

218-92—Wadia and G—Thribowan Vanarsey vs Ebrahim Peerbhoy Mahomed and others—Ardesir H and D.

232-92—M N Saklatwala—Ramabai and others vs Pandurang Condajee and another—Nanu and H.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

595-91—Edgelow and G—Kerson Bhowan vs Ghellabhai Atmaram and another—Chitnis, M and M.—Part heard.

240-91—T A Bland—Gamaji Alchajee vs. The Ripon M C—Nanu and H—Part heard.

513-91—Wadia and G—Jehangir Nusserwanjee Mody vs C A Beyts and another—Little, S, F and N.

567-91—Janardhan and A—Dhunjeebhoy Framjee vs T J Walsh and others—Bickneil and M.

235-90—Chitnis M and M—Javerbhai vs Kabhibai and another—Bhaishunker and K. and L. S. F and N.

27-90—Bhaishunker and K—Kabhibai vs Javerbhai—Chitnis, M and M.

392-91—Bhaishunker and K—Kabhibai vs Javerbai and another—Little, S, F and N, and C M and M.

67-91—Mirza H K—Lehershund Luckmichand alias Oojeen vs Bai Javerbai—Craigie, Lyall & Co.

364-91—Janardhan and A—Sukhanand Gurmukrai vs Hurridas Nathoobhoy.

525-91—Wadia and G—Pochajee Byramjee Battlibai vs. Pestonjee Framjee Battliwala—Chitnis, M and M.

164-92—Mansukhlal D and G—Bhima Oka and others vs Gungabai and another—In person.

163-92—Little, S, F and N—Go

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.
NOTICE.

THE SENATE will proceed in the Month of August, 1893, to the ELECTION of a TAGORE PROFESSOR of LAW for the term of one year, to commence on the 1st of November, 1893.

The salary of the Professorship is Rs. 10,000 per annum, and the Professor will be expected to deliver a course of not less than twelve lectures on one of the following subjects:—

(1.) The Land Law of Bengal.
(2.) The Law of Estoppel in British India.
(3.) The Law relating to Joint Property and Partition in British India.

Candidates for the Professorship are requested to forward their applications to the Registrar on or before the 1st May, 1893, stating on which of the abovenamed three subjects they are prepared to lecture. Each candidate will forward with his application one hundred copies of a brief Synopsis of his proposed lectures, and, if he so pleases, the same number of copies of his introductory lecture.

The Professor will be expected to commence his lectures in November, 1893, and to complete the delivery thereof in the following January. He will be further required to send to the Registrar a complete manuscript copy of his lectures within five months from the commencement of the delivery thereof.

A. M. NASH,
Registrar.

Senate House: The 20th June, 1892.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 7.

WEATHER reports from the mofussil during the past week have been unsatisfactory, the rain having continued to hold off, and some anxiety was consequently beginning to be felt; but a telegram to hand this morning from the capital of the Deccan reports a heavy fall in several districts where it was needed, thus greatly improving the position so far, and at the Presidency there has been abundant rain to-day. There has been next to nothing doing in Cotton for export, and purchases for local spinning have been upon a very moderate scale on the whole; while Wheat and Seeds have continued to attract but little attention from shippers, both markets having been quiet in tone, with prices generally unchanged. Following the renewed fall in Silver, Exchange has been weak and declining, rates this evening showing a drop of 3-16d. in Bank Paper, and of ¼d. in Private Bills compared with our quotations of a week ago. Goverment Paper has had a heavy fall, Four per Cents. being 1 7-16 per cent. lower than they were last Thursday evening. Freights have been dull and drooping with no accession of demand for tonnage. In presence of bad news regarding the progress of S.-W. Monsoon from most of the consuming districts, business in Imports has become even more restricted than previously, and prices tend in favour of buyers.

MONEY.—The reduction of the Presidency Bank's rates by one per cent. last Thursday, making the minimum stand again at 3 per cent. did not at first sight seem justified by the Statement of Affairs issued by the Bank on Monday, disclosing, as it did, a diminution in the Cash Balance during the week of nearly 28 lakhs, compared with an increase of some 38 lakhs in the week preceding, and reducing the balance to 180½ lakhs. The figures given in the Returns, however, though they showed a very large addition to Loans in connection no doubt with the monthly Government Paper Settlement, and other exceptional requirements, pointed, on the whole, to a farther contraction in the trade demand for Money, in a large addition to Private Deposits, and a further material decrease in Bills Discounted; while the Cash Balance was reduced by considerable withdrawals of Government Deposits. Apart from any demand arising from abnormal causes, Money should continue abundant for some time to come; for trade is now very dull, all round, and its revival, in the Import branch, may be said to depend on the course of the S.-W. Monsoon during the next few weeks in which copious rain is required in the districts to insure good harvest prospects, and consequent demand for goods. No further change was made in the Bank's rates this afternoon, and 3 per cent. is still the minimum.

The uneasy feeling in the Bazaar which we referred to last week has not unnaturally been fostered by the stoppage of Beyts, Craig and Co., under alleged discreditable circumstances, which has taken place meantime; and rumour has been rife with the names of other firms which are said to be in difficulties, but in respect of which nothing but Bazaar "gup," which way will have no foundation in fact, has transpired.

EXCHANGE opened quiet on last mail-day at 1s. 3 13-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 7-16d. for Demand, ready and forward, and remained thereat throughout the day, a moderate business being reported. For three months' sight Credits 1s. 3 17-32d. was quoted by one Bank all day, without, however, bringing out any Bills, and the market closed quiet. On Saturday the market opened at the same quotations for Bank Remittance, and at 1s. 3 9-16d. for three months' sight Credits. A small amount of Telegraphic forward transfer was reported to have been done; but at 1s. 3 9-16d. for Credits there was nothing offering, and the market closed again with a quiet feeling. There was a steadier feeling at re-opening on Monday at 1s. 3 7-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and at 1s. 3 19-32d. for three months' sight Credits, at which only a small amount of business was reported both ways, there having been little or no enquiry for the Bank media of remittance, and no Merchants' Paper to speak of offering. On Tuesday rates opened at 1s. 3⅜d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 13-32d. for Demand, and at 1s. 3 9-16d. for three months' sight Credits, without, however, any business being reported either way; but in the face of gold dealers turning round, and being, apparently, buyers instead of sellers of the metal, rates dropped 1-32d. all round, closing quiet. Yesterday the market opened weak again at 1s. 3 5-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 11-32d. for Demand, at which few transactions took place, and the rate was soon reduced 1-32d. to 1s. 3 9-32d. and 1s. 3 5-16d., respectively, at which nothing further transpired. For three months' sight Credits, 1s. 3 9-16d. was the rate named throughout the day without attracting any sellers; and pending the result of Council allotments, things closed quiet. The market opend weak again this morning at 1s 3⅜d. for Bank Demand, a moderate amount having been done thereat; and late in the day, on the receipt of firmer advices from Calcutta, the Demand rate rose to 1s. 3 9-32d., at which also a little business transpired. For three months' sight Credits the rate has been 1s. 3 13-32d. throughout the day with very little doing, but at the close the tone was steadier, rates being as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 3 ⅜d.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3⅜d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 3 9-32d.
Do. 4 months' sight	1s. 3 5-16d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3⅜d.
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 3 19-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3 15-32d.
Documents 3 months' sight	1s. 3 7-16d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3⅜d.
Francs 3 months' sight	1'62½
Do. 6 months' sight	1'63¼

The usual weekly official Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint on the evening of the 29th June, 1892	Rs. 1,98,67,000
Add—Silver received during the week	,, 16,01,000
	Rs. 2,14,71,000
Deduct—New Coin paid during the week	,, 15,01,000
	Rs. 1,99,70,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	,, 18,47,000
	Rs. 2,18,17,000
Last week	,, 2,15,57,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER, as usual after the monthly settling day, was quiet last Friday as to the amount of business passing; but rates for Fours were steady at an advance of 1-16 to ⅛ per cent. on the previous evening's quotations; and, towards the close, a further rise of 1-16 per cent. was established, the price for Money leaving off at 107 13-16, and for Account, at 107⅞. For 4½ per Cents 107¼ was still quoted. On Saturday the market was weak and declining, and rates for Fours, both for Money and Account, receded to 107¼. Before the close, however, a rally took place, and the final quotation was 107⅛, with a quiet feeling in the market. 4½ per Cents declined to 107. On re-opening on Monday, the market was weak and declining, and early business was done as low as 107 1-16 and 107 for Fours; but rates soon rallied, and the tone became firm at 107⅜ for Money, and 107½ for Account, closing at a further rise to 107⅝ and 107⅜, respectively, with 4½ per Cents quoted at 106¼. On Tuesday, the market opened at a material decline from the previous evenings, final rates for Fours, though steady at the fall, and business was done in the earlier part of the day at 107 1-16; but later on the feeling was weak and the market left at 107 to 107 1-16 for cash, and 106⅞ for the July settlement. Yesterday the market was dull and declining, and rates for Fours receded ¼ to ⅜ per cent. from Tuesday's final quotations, closing at 106⅞ for cash and 106⅜ for the settling day at the end of the month; the rate for 4½ per Cents being reduced to 106½. A further heavy drop in rates for Fours has taken place to-day, our closing quotations being 106 3-16 for cash, and 106 for the end of the month, with a still weak feeling, and 105¼ for 4½ per Cents.

Municipal five per cent. Loan is ¼ per cent. lower, at 115¼. Port Trust Bonds are ¼ per cent. lower, at 104¾.

SHARES.—As usual of late we have little to report under this head, Scrip of all descriptions having been neglected both by investors and speculators, while the tone of the market has remained very quiet and rates, in the absence of fresh business to test them, are generally unchanged. Compared with our quotations of a week ago we rule the following few changes, *viz.*: An advance of Rs. 20 on Maneckji Petit Cotton Mill shares; of Rs. 5 in Oriental; and of Rs. 2½ in Star of India; and a decline of Rs. 25 in Ripon; of Rs. 20 in Howard and Bullough; of Rs. 15 in Imperial, and James Greaves; and of Rs. 5 in Bombay Cotton Manufacturing. In Press shares, Albert of Kurrachee have advanced Rs. 5; Broach City Press, Rs. 3; Surat City Press, Rs. 15; while Mofussial have declined Rs. 2½. In Miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burmah Trading have declined Rs. 125 at the first issue, and Rs. 35 on the others; Bombay Flour Mill and Delhi and Northern Flour are Rs. 5 higher. Port Canning have declined Rs. 5 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The want of rain at most important consuming centres during the past week has considerably restricted the demand for staple *Grey Goods* which had previously existed, and rates are now ruling in buyers' favour, dealers being anxious sellers but meeting with hardly any enquiry from buyers. Very few indents are now going forward; Stocks are increasing; and an uneasy feeling prevails in the Bazaar, where several failures of native merchants have already taken place. *Bleached, Dyed Turkey-Red*, and *Printed Goods* are in very poor demand, and prices are declining; and the same remark applies to *Local Goods*. The Clearances for the week have been only 2,300 packages of *Imported Goods*, and 300 bales of *Local*.

YARNS.—A moderate business has been passing in *Imported Twist* in a quiet market, and on the basis of previous rates. Sales of *Bombay Spinnings* in China for the fortnight ending last Monday aggregated 19,500 bales, at an improvement of half a dollar to one dollar in rates. The news of this off-take has stimulated the China demand here, and a large business has been done in China makes at an advance of over 1-16 anna per lb. as last week's rates; while some makes are fully ⅛ anna dearer. The sales for the week sum up 8,000 to 10,000 bales, and the market closes active and advancing at the following official quotations:—

Twist...	... No. 6s	Mule, As.	4¼	to 4¼	per lb.
,, ...	... ,, 8s	,, ,,	4	,, 4⅛	,,
,, ...	... ,, 10s	,, ,,	4⅛	,, 5⅛	,,
,, ...	... ,, 12s	,, ,,	4⅛	,, 5¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 16s	,, ,,	5¼	,, 5⅜	,,
,, ...	... ,, 20s	,, ,,	5⅜	,, 6	,,
,, ...	... ,, 24s	,, ,,	6¼	,, 6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 30s	,, ,,	6¾	,, 7	,,
,, ...	... ,, 40s	,, ,,	8	,, 8¼	,,

METALS.—Both *Copper* and *Yellow Metal* have been taken to a small extent during the past week, and prices have declined, in each case, 2 annas per cwt. in a quiet market. A small business is also reported in *Iron*, the tone of which has also been quiet; but the only change in rates is a fall of Re. 1 per candy in *Swedish*.

COAL.—Sales have been reported during the week of 1,300 tons of Great Western for Braunfels (s) at Rs. 12¼; and of 2,700 tons of Beyts Merthyr ex-Michigan (s) at Rs. 12 per ton. These sales were, however, forced, owing to the failure of a firm which imported the mineral largely; and there is little chance of getting the rates repeated for such Coal. We now quote forward Powell's Duffryn at Rs. 16; and Davison's West Hartley at Rs. 15 per ton, the latter rate being nominal.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Business in this staple has again been almost a blank as far as exporters are concerned, no purchases whatever having been made by them on three days during the past week; while local spinners have taken only small quantities, as a rule. The tone of the market, following Liverpool, has been quiet when not actually dull; but except at the beginning of this week, when rates receded Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy, all round, previous prices have been generally maintained. Shippers have bought about 1,000 bales during the week, consisting of Bengals, Westerns, Bhownugger, and Dharwar; while the Mills have taken about 7,000 bales in all, made up mainly of Oomra kinds, Bengals, Dhollera descriptions, Dharwars, and Westerns. The market closed this evening quiet, with quotations Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy than they ruled a week ago.

The Receipts of this season's crop of Cotton during the past week have been 25,700 bales, compared with 34,300 bales to hand in the week preceding, and 12,500 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the total falling off in the arrivals of this season's Cotton as against last is now reduced to 279,300 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, *via* Canal, without commission, *viz.*

Cotton—	Per candy. Rs.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fine	,,	168—3 9-32d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	159—3 3-32d.
Do. Good	,,	151—2 31-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	,,	172—3 11-32d.
Do. Good	,,	167—3d.
Dhollera Fine	,,	183—3 19-16d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	171—3½d.
Do. Good	,,	168—3 9-32d.
Belatee Fine	,,	175—3 13-32d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	170—3 5-16d.
Oomra Fully Good	,,	177—3 7-16d.
Do. Good	,,	173—3½d.
S. G. Dharwar Good	,,	183—3 19-16d.
Westerns Good	,,	174—3½d.

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1891-92. Bales.	Season 1890-91. Bales.
Khandeish	336,500	392,500
Berar	324,000	391,000
Barsi and Nugger	147,500	142,500
Bengals	146,000	315,500
Hingunghat	2,300	22,000
Persian and Sind	26,000	35,000
Broach	207,400	179,500
Dhollera	366,000	332,500
Compta and Dharwar	35,500	60,000
Madras and Westerns	5,500	5,500
Total	1,596,700	1,876,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bale.
For the week	25,650	12,308	9,611
From 1st Jan. to 6th July	1,557,459	1,712,030	1,832,746
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	10,964	9,012	13,274
From 1st Jan. to 6th July	823,525	950,114	1,316,190
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	4,423	639	322
From 1st Jan. to 6th July	126,328	83,064	48,469

WHEAT.—The tone of this market was firm when last mail left; but only a small export business was passing, and prices were all unchanged. Thereafter, however, the feeling became quiet, with transactions on a small scale, and has since been steady, without increase in business or change in quotations.

SEEDS have been in small request by shippers in a generally quiet market; but the only movement in rates has been in *Linseed*, wheat on several days during the past week has declined half an anna per cwt. The following are this evening's quotations:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-3-0	to Rs. 7-5-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	,, 7-4-0	to Rs. 7-5-0 ,,
,, ,, Cawnpore	,, 6-14-0	to Rs. 7-1-0 ,,
,, Red ,,	,, 6-5-6	to Rs. 6-7-0 ,,
Gingelly, White	,, 43-0-0	to Rs. 44-0-0 per cdy.
,, Mixed	,, 40-0-0	to Rs. 42-8-0 ,,

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	71,947	330,204	53,030
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	7,717,253	10,320,054	4,078,654
Linseed for the week	43,137	56,790	17,214
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	3,256,336	4,025,099	1,933,120
Rapeseed for the week	45,558	24,487	3,309
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	11,55,333	1,111,111	875,853
Gingellyseed for the week	2,758	450	1,180
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	844,547	955,813	677,270

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	191,462	488,474	103,914
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	7,157,278	8,868,066	3,022,801
Linseed for the week	41,950	98,735	75,041
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	2,769,627	3,361,924	1,571,533
Rapeseed for the week	56,397	16,878	22
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	849,340	994,002	606,751
Gingellyseed for the week	18,636	4,713	14,880
do. from 1st Jan. to 6th July	931,209	1,016,731	797,981

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

BURNE—HINCKLY—June 27, at St Paul's Church, Kandy, Ceylon, by the Revd E A Copiestone, Douglas Edward Burne, of the Bank of Bengal, to Helen Wallace, daughter of the late Isaac Hinckley, Esq, of Philadelphia, U S A.

JOHNSON—INKSON—July 4, at Holy Trinity Church, Bangalore, by the Rev H A Williams, M A, Eliot Philips Johnson, Lieut, R E, third son of Lieut-General Sir Charles Johnson, K C B, of Upton-on-severn, Worcestershire, to Mary, third daughter of Surgeon-Colonel J Inkson, M D, Principal Medical Officer, Her Majesty's Forces, Bangalore and Belgaum Districts, Madras Presidency.

DEATH.

VERRIERES—June 23, at Mussoorie, Louis Verrieres, late of the N I Salt Revenue Department, in his 26th year.

THE EDGE OF THE EAST.

[BY RUDYARD KIPLING.]

IN to-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* appears Part I. of "THE EDGE OF THE EAST," by Mr. Rudyard Kipling, giving the first impressions of Japan on approaching that country by the west. We are asked to say that the copyright of these letters in America and elsewhere is reserved by Mr. Rudyard Kipling. The judgment of Mr. Justice North in the recent case of Walter *vs.* Steinkopf has removed any doubt as to the validity of copyright in matter published in newspapers.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892.

THE General Elections on the third day of the polling marked a distinct increase in the advance effected by the Liberals on the two previous days. The apparent check to that advance on Tuesday, which the Conservative Press regarded as eminently satisfactory, has disappeared. On Wednesday, at midnight, the eight seats gained by the Conservatives in the first two days' polling were increased to ten, the one Unionist gain, to four, while the Liberal eighteen had risen to twenty-nine. It is too soon yet to regard these indications as final. *Tout peut se rétablir*. There is still time for the Unionists to recover the ground they have lost, and even if they only hold to the end what they still retain, they will have a good working majority, though the sixty-eight with which they carried out their bat in the last Parliament, may have been reduced to thirty-eight. It may be found that precisely as the Conservatives have been disappointed in regard to the boroughs, which they deemed to be their strongholds, the Liberals may have miscalculated when buiding their hopes on the rural vote. The county elections are yet to come, and it must be presumed that the Conservatives have profited by the experience of previous elections, and not left themselves open to the reproach levelled at them by Mr. J. M. Maclean in 1885. "If the country gentlemen of England," wrote the Member for Oldham on the morrow of the elections, "had worked in the counties as we did in the boroughs, the result of the elections would have been vastly different. The Squire and the Parson could not be made to understand that they must make an effort to keep their power, and they simply allowed the agricultural labourer to be beguiled by the Radical emissary." But even at that time there were "some counties in which the county families adapted themselves to the new conditions of political life" in England, and it may be supposed that in the interval the Primrose League has done a good deal in this direction. If the Liberals be foiled in their invasion of the counties, the Ministry will meet the new Parliament with a majority—on the strength of which it is as yet premature to speculate.

We see with unfeigned regret the name of Mr. J. M. Maclean in the list of those who lost their seats in the vicissitudes of Wednesday's contests. In December, 1885, Mr. Maclean described with characteristic *verve* and force the efforts, the anxieties, and the exultation, undergone in the struggle which enabled him to wrest one of the seats of Liberal Oldham from Mr. Hibbert, a gentleman of great local influence. The firm of Platt and Hibbert gave employment to nearly half the working population of the town, and strongly supported Mr. E. L. Stanley with whom Mr. Maclean fought for the second seat. Lord Salisbury was so elated at this unhoped-for victory that he wrote to the new member a congratulatory letter, in which he attributed the result of the election to his hard work at Oldham. Lord Salisbury's sincere hope, that at the next election Mr. Maclean would not only retain his seat, but bring back a Conservative colleague with him, was realised. At the General Election in 1886, Mr. Hibbert, Liberal Member, was ousted by Mr. Lees, who is now in his turn with Mr. Maclean defeated by Mr. J. T. Hibbert and Mr. J. M. Cheetham. It was no small achievement thus to capture and retain a town where, as Lord Salisbury said, a Conservative had never before, except in one solitary instance, been able to carry a seat. We reproduce in another column Mr. Maclean's account of how he won his first electoral battle in Oldham. The personal influence of Mr. Platt, the employer of seven or eight thousand workpeople, bore so heavily against him that he might have failed, if the English Catholics and Irish Nationalists—who, it may be remarked in passing, have no political ideas in common—had not come to the rescue. The Catholic priests supported him because he had spoken out in favour of religious education, and the Parnellites favoured him, rather than his Conservative colleague, as they considered that he had the better chance of defeating the "Coercionist Stanley." Mr. Maclean thus obtained the second place by a majority of one hundred and forty-five over Mr. Stanley. He would have been placed at the head of the poll had the Irish had voted solid for him. In 1886 Mr. Maclean and Mr. Lees defeated Mr. Hibbert by 345 votes on a poll of 10,000—the largest ever known in the borough. During the six and a-half years of his Parliamentary life Mr. Maclean did a good deal of useful work for the Party, whose cause he espoused when its fortunes were not at the flood. He has gained the reputation of an able speaker and a ready debater. He will doubtless find a new seat, for Parliamentary debaters on the Conservative side are not so numerous that a man of Mr. Maclean's calibre can be easily dispensed with.

The success of Sir Andrew Scoble, who has succeeded Sir Guyer Hunter in the representation of Central Hackney, defeating the Liberal candidate, Mr. Steward, will strengthen the Anglo-Indian group in the new House. The whilom Advocate-General and Member of Council in Bombay, will see sitting on the opposite benches a Bombay citizen who—while Sir A. Scoble was at Simla as Legal Member of Council—spent patient years in London wooing, first Holborn, and then Central Finsbury. Lord Salisbury will now see how rash it is to prophesy when he hears that a metropolitan constituency has discarded a sound Conservative like Captain Penton, and chosen Mr. Dadabhai Nowroji to represent it in the new Parliament. Mr. Dadabhai's steady persistence, in the face of much discouragement and a good deal of pressure, not easily distinguishable from intimidation, has gained him much sympathy, and in the event has secured his return to Parliament—the first native of India who has entered the House of Commons. If the majority of three be small, it suffices, and it is not much more diminutive than the majority of five, which enabled Captain Penton to sit in Parliament for the last six years. The more advanced section of Indian politicians would have been immensely gratified had South Islington dispensed with Sir A. K. Rollit, and sent Mr. William Digby to Parliament as another Member for India. The defeat of Mr. William Digby in South Islington will be a disappointment to his many friends in India, and especially in Madras, where his services in assuaging the suffering during the period of the great famine are still remembered. The attempt to shake the position of Sir Albert Rollit was gallant, but the enterprise partook of the character of a forlorn hope, though Mr. Digby's supporters were confident that he would succeed. From the point of view of practical politics he did not increase his chances by giving prominence to the claims of India in his appeal to the electors. Whatever may be the case in working men's constituencies, where the modern ideas of the solidarity of the human race and the brotherhood of man have become more or less familiar, villadom is far too self-centred to look beyond the ring-fence of party politics and local interests. As it happens the electorate of the borough of South Islington consists largely of respectable shop-keepers who live in villas and vote for the Government.

In the Provinces the day was very busy. The six Manchester seats, which are equally divided between the two parties, remain unchanged. Mr. A. J. Balfour is again returned for East, and Sir James Fergusson for North-East Manchester. Sir W. H. Houldsworth, the third Unionist, was elected on Tuesday. Sir Henry Roscoe, Mr. Schwann, and Mr. Jacob Bright have been returned for the other divisions. The polling appears to have been very heavy throughout. Mr. Chamberlain has pulverised Professor Munro in West Birmingham, having polled five thousand and forty-one votes against two thousand eight hundred. Except in Central Finsbury, no further change of seats was effected in the metropolitan area. Sir Charles Russell retains South Hackney, defeating Mr. J. H. Robinson, his Conservative opponent. In Clapham Mr. P. Thornton, Conservative, succeeds Mr. Gilliat. In Battersea Mr. J. Burns, the Socialist, one of the chiefs of the Progressists in the London Council, has succeeded Mr. O. V. Morgan, a gentleman who has frequently visited India, and has seen a good deal of the world, and is a member of the Imperial Federation League. The Liberal gains on Wednesday have been, with the solitary exception of Central Finsbury, in the provinces. Devonport has returned two Liberals in the place of Conservatives—a gain, the more noticeable that in 1885 as well as in 1886 both divisions returned Conservatives. Still again at Portsmouth, the same fatality has occurred, two Unionist seats being given over to the Liberals. Plymouth remains faithful to Sir E. Clarke, and Sir William Pearse, the sitting Conservative members. In Ireland, Mr. Arnold Foster, Unionist, has ousted Mr. T. Sexton, Nationalist, who represented West Belfast in the last Parliament. The absence of Mr. Sexton from the House will be a serious loss to his party; he had acquired the reputation of being one of the most effective debaters in Parliament, and one of the ablest Parliamentary tacticians. It is not expected that more than five seats will change hands in Ireland as between Nationalists and Unionists. In forty-five constituencies the sitting members will have a walk-over. In Scotland the Unionists have done fairly well. In Glasgow, which has seven seats, of which the Liberals held five and the Conservaties two, the Unionists have captured two from the Liberals, who have to content themselves with taking one seat from the Conservatives. Up to Wednesday night two hundred and thirty-nine members of the new Parliament had been returned; with a transfer of ten seats to the Conservatives, four to the Unionists, and to the Liberals twenty-nine. Assuming that the same ratio applies to the seats remaining to be contested, the number still to change hands would be about eighty. If the same proportion fall to the Liberals which has hitherto prevailed, their gains would be about fifty-two, as against twenty-eight to the Unionists. But it is quite possible that the proportion may be quite the other way. The solution of the problem must be deferred for another ten days when the result of the polling in the counties is announced.

MR. CAPPEL, the Director of Land Records and Agriculture, has prepared an exhaustive note on the potato disease, which was prevalent in the Poona district and elsewhere at the beginning of last year. The same disease made its way later into Guzerat and Mahableshwar and has caused a deterioration in the product offered for sale, as well as heavy loss to the cultivators. Now we hear that the disease has reappeared in the Neilgherries, so that Mr. Cappel's note, in which he describes the disease and prescribes a remedy comes appropriately. The disease is not the European potato-blight, but appears to have arisen from the continuous cultivation of potatoes in the same ground year after year. That such is the case was shown by observations taken at Mahableshwar, where the only plots which escaped infection were two, which had never before been devoted to potato-growing. At Khandeish, on the other hand, though the land had never before been under potatoes, the crop was all bad, the seed having been affected before it was sown. English potatoes, at the suggestion of Messrs. Sutton and Son, were tried, and were sown side by side with the Poona potatoes escaped, while the latter were in every case attacked. Experiments are now being made with a small quantity of true seed from inflorescence obtained from France, but it is as yet premature to report upon them. Mr. Cappel in his researches has the assistance of Dr. Cunningham, Special Assistant to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and Mr. Mollison, the Superintendent of Farms, but they are compelled to wait until next cold weather before some of their experiments can be pursued to a conclusion. Dr. Cunningham asserts that the disease germ harbours in the soil and will infect all stocks. The theory propounded is that the origin of the pest is probably to be found in exhaustion of the soil and of the stock owing to over-cultivation. The crop, being profitable, is grown year after year on the same land, and the unwillingness of the cultivator to abandon it, even when disease is rife, forms one of the chief difficulties to be met. In the note just issued, and which we publish elsewhere, the use of a copper sulphate solution and a rest for the land of three or four years constitute the remedy prescribed. If neglected, Dr. Cunningham warns the cultivators that the disease may destroy one of the most valuable garden crops of the country.

AN increasing zeal for sanitation is held to account for the larger figures which appear in the criminal returns for the Central Provinces, and to show that such is the case two districts are quoted which add more than five hundred to the roll of offences for the year. It can be shown by official documents that while the Central Provinces had become more cleanly they are grown less law-abiding so far as figures can show. But heinous crime has decreased, and the Central Provinces can now therefore claim that at the worst their offences are but petty ones. Dacoity has practically disappeared, while apparently vexatious prosecutions of inoffensive people have supplied occupation for the force which might otherwise have been employed. A few months ago the conditions under which the Civil Department of the Judicial Administration were adversely commented upon by the Chief Commissioner, who found amusement in reviewing the variety of ways in which district officers sought to explain the diminution of litigation. The report on the criminal section of the Judicial Administration might almost be taken to account for the decrease in civil proceedings if district officers' former theories were worth anything; for while the number of proceedings instituted have increased the percentage of convictions has decidedly diminished. The increase is traceable to the growing tendency of neighbours to charge one another with assault and hurt, and the Chief Commissioner agrees with the Judicial Commissioner in thinking that the procedure of Honorary Magistrates before whom these cases are brought, calls for the attention of district officers, in view of the fact that a large number of defendants are annually made to attend before the Benches without sufficient cause. On the whole, however, it is admitted that the work of Honorary Magistrates—of whom there are 325 in the Central Provinces—is creditably performed. This opinion is not altogether shared by some of the District Officers, and in various cases it is the belief of Deputy Commissioners that Honorary Magistrates do not treat cases under the Municipal and Police Acts as they ought to do. Regular inspection and a judicious criticism of their procedure and standards of punishments are suggested as means of improving their work. Though the staff has been smaller and the work heavier the number of appeals has diminished, which it is to be hoped is wholly due to the improved working of the Mag

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

LONDON, JULY 6 (EVENING).

Latest returns show that ninety-four Conservatives, nine Unionists (including a seat gained at Edinburgh), and seventy Liberals have been elected.

There is a largely increased poll in London.

Both sides demand a scrutiny of the ballot at Greenock.

The following candidates have been elected :—

CONSERVATIVES.

Wt G. Cavendish Bentinck .....Falmouth and Penrhyn.
Colonel Hill .....South Bristol.
R. G. Webster .....East St. Pancras.
H. Kimber .....Wandsworth.
Abel H. Smith .....Christchurch.

UNIONIST.

Lord Wolmer* .....West Edinburgh.

LIBERALS.

T. H. Bolton .....North St. Pancras.
John Leng .....Dundee.
Edmund Robertson .....Dundee.
W. McEwen .....Central Edinburgh.
Robert Wallace .....East Edinburgh.
Herbert Paul .....South Edinburgh.

The following further candidates have been returned unopposed :—

CONSERVATIVES.

W. W. B. Beach.....West Andover.
Col. Saunderson.....North Armagh.
W. G. Macartney .....South Antrim.
Stanley Leighton .....West Oswestry.

LIBERALS.

Sir F. T. Mappin .....Hallamshire (West Riding South.)
Isaac Holden .....Keighley. (West Riding North)
W. Abraham .....Rhondda.
Chas. K. D. Tanner .....Mid Cork.
A. Webb.....West Waterford.
Captain Donellan .....East Cork.

*Defeating Mr. T. R. Buchanan by a majority of 500 votes.

THE ELECTION RETURNS.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The election returns up to midnight last night show that one hundred and twenty-three Conservatives, nineteen Unionists, and ninety-seven Liberals have been elected.

The Conservatives have so far gained ten seats, the Unionists four, and the Liberals twenty-nine.

NAMES OF ELECTED CANDIDATES.

The following candidates have been elected :—

CONSERVATIVES.

Hon. A. Percy Allsopp.....Taunton.
R. A. Yerburgh .....Chester.
Sir F. S. Powell .....Wigan.
H. H. Howorth .....Salford, South.
Lees Knowles ..... „ West.
J. G. Baird .....Glasgow (Central).
Right Hon. A. J. Balfour (*a*).....Manchester, E.
Right Hon. Sir J. Fergusson (*b*)...Manchester, N. E.
Right Hon. H. Mathews (*c*).....Birmingham, E.
Col. Charlesworth .....Wakefield.
Capt. Hutchinson .....Aston Manor.
Colonel Wyndham Murray (*d*)...Bath.
D. Palmer .....Gravesend.
Sir W. Marriott, Q. C. .....Brighton.
Gerald Loder .....Brighton.
Gainsford Bruce, Q. C. .....Holborn.
E. B. Hoare.....Hampstead.
E. H. Hulse.....Salisbury.
Cuming Macdonna .....Rotherhithe.
W. R. Bonsfield, Q. C. .....Hackney, N.
Sir Andrew Scoble, Q. C. .....Hackney (Central).
Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C. .....Plymouth.
Sir W. Pearse .....Plymouth.
P. Thornton .....Clapham.
T. Chamberlayne.....Southampton.
Frank James .....Walsall.
Sir Chas. Dalrymple .....Ipswich.
Lord Elcho .....Ipswich.
Wilson Lloyd .....Wednesbury.

UNIONISTS.

Right Hon. Sir H. James.....Bury.
A. Cameron Corbet .....Glasgow Tradeston.
Alex. Cross.....Glasgow Camlachie.
Right Hon. J. Chamberlain(*e*)...Birmingham, W
Albert Bright.....Bir'gham (Central).
Alderman Kenrick.....Birmingham, N.
Powell Williams.....Birmingham, S.
Jesse Collings.....Bordesley.
Arnold Foster (*f*) .....Belfast, West

LIBERALS.

W. Dunn.....Paisley.
Sir Henry Roscoe .....Manchester, S.
C. E. Schwann.....Manchester, N.
Jacob Bright .....Manchester, S.W.
A. D. Provand .....Glasgow (Blackfriars).
Sir G. Trevelyan .....Glasgow Bridgton.
Sir J. Carmichael .....Glasgow St. Rollox.
Dr. Cameron .....Glasgow College.
John Burns (*h*) .....Battersea.
J. H. Wilson (*i*).....Middlesboro'.
R. K. Causton.....West Southwark.
W. Saunders .....Walworth.
R. V. Barrow .....Bermondsey.
Captain Morton .....West Newington.
J. Rowlands.....East Finsbury.
John Baker .....Portsmouth.
W. O. Clough .....Portsmouth.
G. Howell.....Bethnal Green, NE.
G. Pickersgill ..... „ SW.
W. H. Holland .....North Salford.
Hudson Kearley .....Devonport.
G. J. C. Morton.....Devonport.

(*a*) Having polled 5,147 votes against Professor Munro (Liberal), who polled 4,749 votes.

(*b*) Having polled 4,239 votes against Mr. C. P. Scott (Liberal), who polled 4,129 votes.

(*c*) Having polled 5,041 votes against Mr. H. G. Pulford (Liberal), who polled 2,832 votes.

(*d*) Defeating Sir John Adye, the Liberal candidates.

(*e*) By a majority of 5,417 votes over Mr. Corrie Grant (Liberal).

(*f*) Defeating Mr. T. Sexton (Nationalist).

(*h*) Labour Candidate.

(*i*) Labour Candidate.

J. M. Cheetham (*j*) .....Oldham.
J. T. Hibbert (*j*).....Oldham.
Sir Chas. Russell .....South Hackney.
F. H. Evans.....Southampton.
Dadabhai Naoroji (*k*) .....Central Finsbury.

(*j*) Defeating Mr. J. M. Maclean and Mr. Elliot Lees.
(*k*) By a majority of three votes.

THE LIBERALS JUBILANT.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The Liberals are jubilant over the result of yesterday's polling and especially as regards Oldham and London.

THE OLDHAM DEFEAT.

Mr. J. M. Maclean polled 11,900 votes at Oldham, and Mr. Elliott Lees, the other Conservative candidate, 12,200, the Liberal majority over the latter being 330 votes.

THE *TIMES* ON DADABHAI NAOROJI'S ELECTION.

The *Times*, referring to Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji's election for Finsbury, says that the appearance in Parliament of a Native of India is an interesting and almost romantic event.

A CONSERVATIVE VICTORY.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The following is the result of the polling at Newcastle-upon-Tyne :—

Alderman C. J. Hamond (Conservative), 13,824 votes.

Right Hon. John Morley (Liberal) 10,905 votes.

James Craig (Liberal) 10,084 votes,

Thus resulting in the election of the first two.

THE CHOLERA AT BAKU.

LONDON, JULY 6.

Latest advices state that one hundred deaths are taking place daily from cholera at Baku.

THE TRANSVAAL LOAN.

LONDON, JULY 7.

The Transvaal Loan of 2½ millions sterling has been subscribed twenty times over.

THE GOVERNMENT AND PRINCE BISMARCK.

BERLIN, JULY 7.

The *Reichsanzeiger* says that the Government regards Prince Bismarck's utterances as unimportant.

TRANSFRONTIER NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 7.

Amin Khan beat a hasty retreat after his exploit in the Khyber, and the Pass became safe for the passage of the usual caravans on the 5th instant.

General Collett, who visited Jumrud on Wednesday, has since returned to Peshawur, but the troop remains at Jumrud.

The Amir of Kabul, with the Hazara rebellion to deal with, cannot afford to send reinforcements to Asmar just at present, so his General Ghulam Hyder has to make his best of his position. His communications with Jellalabad has been threatening, and one report states that he has been driven out from Asmar itself by the Bajouris. This news has yet to be confirmed, but Umra Khan would appear to be becoming with his usual good fortune master of the situation again.

HASSAM ALI'S WHEREABOUTS.

News received from the Black Mountain states that Hassam Ali's whereabouts is not known since his disappearance from Baio. Everything is quiet on the frontier, though it is quite possible that these troublesome Malik may again put in an appearance, and disturb the minds of the local tribesmen.

SUPPRESSION OF DACOITY IN BUNDELKHAND.

Dr. Lethbridge, Superintendent of Thuggy and Dacoity, proceeded to Bundelkhand to consult with Colonel Wilson, Political Agent, as to the measures to be taken to suppress local dacoity there.

CRICKET AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 7.

The Colaba Garrison *vs.* the Kirkee Garrison cricket match was concluded to-day, with rather a terrible defeat to the visitors. Mr. Donaldson and Captain Smith, both, not out, of yesterday, did not remain long in the field on account of the good bowling of Mr. Stockdale, who took seven wickets in 19 runs one after other in rotation. Captain Smith and Captain Morris, each contributed 18 and Mr. Donaldson 16. The visitors closed their innings for 75 runs, thus leaving the Kirkee team to make 27 runs to be declared the winners. Mr. Usborne, for the Kirkee team, contributed 16, Gunner Fairminer 5, and Bombardier Scollard 4 in the second innings, and won the match by nine wickets and one run.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, JULY 6.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Bengal arrived here this morning.

PENANG, JULY 7.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Melpomene from Shanghai, left for Bombay, this afternoon.

HONGKONG, JULY 7.

The s.s. Formosa (extra) left here this afternoon.
The s.s. Rohilla left here this morning for Bombay.

COLOMBO, JULY 7.

The Mail steamer Cathay, from China, arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats dull.

Good Dhollera 3 7-16
The Manchester Market has been quiet.
2¾ per cent. Consols 96⅝
3 per cent. Rentes 98½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 107¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper..... 67⅝
4½ per cent. „ 67⅜
Bar Silver 39 13-16
Exchange in India 30 days' sight. 1 3 1-16

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is a memorandum of the Bank's profits for the half-year ended 30th June :—

Net profit including Rs. 70,710 6 10 brought from previous half-year	Rs. 1,04,312	8 11
applied as follows :—		
Dividend free from Income-tax 10 per cent. per annum	Rs. 5,00,000	0 0
To Reserve Fund	„ 2,00,000	0 0
Officers' Pension Fund	„ 35,000	0 0
Carried forward	„ 1,69,312	8 11
	Rs. 9,04,312	8 11

A. W. MURRAY,
Dy. Secy. and Treasurer.

THE GENERAL ELECTIONS.

LATEST RETURNS.

THE following is a complete list of the election results up to last evening :—

Constituency.	Elected.	Party Gain.	Loss.	1890.	1885.
Aberdeen ...	...*Professor Hunter	..	L	..	L L
„ S ...	...*Professor Bryce...	..	L	..	L L
Armagh (Mid) ...	...Dr D P Barton ..	..	U	...	C C
Armagh, N ...	...*Colonel Saunderson	..	C	..	C C
Ashton-under-Lyne	..*Mr J B Addison...	..	C	..	C C
Antrim, S.. ...	...*Mr W Macartney	..	C	..	C C
Andover, W ..	..*W W Beach ..	..	C	..	C C
Aston Manor ..	...*Capt Hutchinson	..	C	..	C C
Belfast, S.. ..	..*Mr W Johnston..	..	C	..	C C
„ N... ...	...*Sir E Harland ..	..	C	..	C C
„ E.. ...	...Mr Wolff	..	C	..	C L
Bewdley	..Mr A Baldwin ..	..	C	..	C C
Bristol, E.. ..	..*Sir J D Weston ..	..	L	..	L L
„ W ...	..*Sir M H Beach ..	..	C	..	C C
Bury St Edmunds	...*Lord F Hervey...	..	C	..	C C
Birkenhead ..	..Viscount Bury ...	..	C	..	C C
Blackburn	*Mr W Coddington ..	..	C	..	C C
	*Mr W H Hornby	..	C	..	C L
Boston	...Mr W J Ingram ...	..	L	..	1 C L
Burnley	...*Mr J S Balfour ..	..	L	..	1 U U
Bradford, W ...	...*Mr A Illingworth	..	L	..	L L
„ C ...	..*Rt Hon Shaw Lefevre...	..	L	..	L L
„ E ...	...Mr W S Caine	..	L	..	1 C L
Bolton	*Mr H S Cross ..	..	C	..	C C
	*Hon Col Bridgman	..	C	..	C C
Barrow	...Mr C W Cayzer ...	..	U	1 ..	U L
Brixton	...*Lord Carmarthen	..	C	..	C C
Bedford	...*Mr S Whitbread	..	L	..	L L
Bristol, N.. ...	...Mr C Townsend..	..	L	..	1 U U
Bristol S, ...	...*Colonel Hill ...	..	C	..	C L
Bath	...Col Murray ...	..	C	..	C C
Birmingham, E...	..*Rt Hon H Mathews	..	C	..	C C
Brighton	*Sir W Marriott ...	..	C	..	C C
	*Mr E Loder ...	..	C	..	C C
Bury	...*Sir H James ...	..	U	..	U U
Belfast, W ...	...*Mr Arnold Foster ...	..	U	1 ..	L L
Battersea ...	...Mr J Burns... ...	..	L	..	L L
Bermondsey ...	...*R V Barrow ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Bethnal Green, N E	...*G Howell	..	L	..	L L
„ S	...*G Pickersgill ...	..	L	..	L L
Birmingham W, „ C...	...* Rt Hon J Chamberlain	U	..	..	U U
	...* Mr A Bright ...	..	U	..	U U
„ S ..	..*Powell Williams ...	..	U	..	U U
Bordesley ...	...*Mr Jesse Collings	..	U	..	U L
Cambridge Univ.	*Sir J Gorst ..	..	C	..	C C
	*Professor Jebb ...	..	C	..	C C
Carnarvonshire, N	..*Mr W Rathbone	..	L	..	L L
Canterbury ..	..*Mr Henniker Heaton	..	C	..	C C
Cambridge ...	...* Mr R N P Fitzgerald	..	C	..	C C
Chatham... ..	...Col Lloyd	..	C	..	C C
Cheltenham ...	...* Mr J T Agg Gardner	..	C	..	C C
Croydon	...*Hon Sydney Herbert	..	C	..	C C
Colchester ...	...Capt N Leyland ...	..	C	..	C C
Carlisle	...*Mr W C Gully, Q C	..	L	..	L L
Coventry	...*Mr W Ballantyne	..	L	..	1 C C
Chelsea	..*Mr C A Whitmore	..	C	..	C C
Christ Church ...	..Mr A H Smith ...	..	C	..	C C
Cork (Mid) ...	...*Dr Tanner ...	..	L	..	L L
„ (East) ...	..Captain Donellan	..	L	..	L L
Chester	..*Mr R A Yerburgh	..	C	..	L L
Clapham	..Mr P Thornton ...	..	C	..	C C
Derbyshire, S ...	...Mr H E Broad ...	..	L	..	L L
Dorset, E.... ..	..*Hon H Sturt ...	..	C	..	C C
Dover	...*G Wyndham ...	..	C	..	C C
Durham	...Mr M Fowler ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Derby	*Sir W V Harcourt	..	L	..	L L
	*Mr Alderman Roe	..	L	..	L L
Darlington ...	...*Mr T Fry	..	L	..	L L
Dudley	..*Mr B Robinson ..	..	C	..	C C
Dundee	*Mr J Leng ...	..	L	..	L L
	Mr E Robertson ...	..	L	..	L L
Devonport ..	Mr H Kearley ...	..	L	..	1 C C
	G J C Morton ..	..	L	..	1 C C
Edgbaston Bir'gham	..*Mr G Dixon	..	U	..	U L
Edinburgh and St Andrew's Universities	*Sir C Pearson ...	..	C	..	C C
Exeter	...*Sir S Northcote ...	..	C	..	C C
Edinburgh, C ..	...*Mr W McEwen..	..	L	..	L L
„ E ...	...*Mr R Wallace ...	..	L	..	L L
„ S ..	...Mr H Paul	..	L	..	L L
„ W ...	...Lord Wolmer ...	..	U	..	U U
Falmouth ...	...*Mr Cavendish Bentinck	C	..	..	C C
Finsbury, E ...	..*Mr J Rowlands...	..	L	..	L L
„ C ..	...Mr Dadabhai Naoroji	..	L	..	1 C L
Glasgow and Aberdeen Universities ...	..*Dr Campbell ...	..	C	..	C C
Gower (Glamorgan)	...*Mr Randall ...	..	L	..	L L
Gateshead ...	...*Hon W H James	..	L	..	L L
Greenock ...	...Mr J Bruce ...	..	L	..	1 U U
Gloucester ...	...*Mr T Robinson ...	..	L	..	L L
Grimsby	...Mr H Josse ...	..	L	..	1 U L
Grantham ...	...Mr H H Lopes ..	..	U	..	C L
Great Yarmouth	...Mr Moorson ..	..	L	..	1 C C
Greenwich ..	...*Mr T W Boord ...	..	C	..	C C
Guildford.. ..	...*Hon W Brodrick	..	C	..	C C
Glasgow (Tradeston)	..*Mr A C Corbet ...	..	U	1 ..	L L
„ Camlachie	.. Mr A Cross ..	..	U	1 ..	L L
Glasgow, C ..	..*Mr. J G Baird ..	..	C	..	C C
„ (Blackfriars)	.*A D Provand ...	..	L	..	L L
„ Bridgeton	..*Sir G Trevelyan	..	L	..	L L
„ St Rollox	...Sir J Carmichael..	..	L	..	1 U L
„ College	..*Dr Cameron ..	..	L	..	L L
Gravesend ..	...D Palmer ...	..	C	..	C C
Hythe	..*Sir E Watkin ..	..	U	..	U L
Hartlepools ...	...*Mr C Furness ...	..	L	..	1 U U
Hastings	...*Mr W Noble ..	..	C	..	C L
Hereford... ...	..*Mr W H Grenfell	..	L	..	1 C L
Huddersfield ...	...*Mr W Summers..	..	L	..	L L
Haggerston ..	...*Mr W R Cremer ..	..	L	..	L L
Halifax	*Rt Hon J Stansfield	..	L	..	L L
	*Mr T Shaw ..	..	L	..	L L
Hoxton	..*Professor Stuart	..	L	..	L L
Hammersmith ..	..*Genl Goldsworthy	..	C	..	C C
Hanley	..*Mr W Woodall ..	..	L	..	L L
Hallamshire ...	...*Sir F T Mappin ...	..	L	..	L L
Holborn	...*Mr Gainsford Bruce, Q C	..	C	..	C C
Hampstead ..	...*Mr E B Hoare ...	..	C	..	C C
Hackney, N ...	..Mr R Bousfield ..	..	C	..	C C
„ C ..	...Sir A Scoble ...	..	C	..	C C
„ S ...	...Sir C Russell ...	..	L	..	L L
Islington, W ..	..*Mr T Lough ..	..	L	..	1 U U
„ E ..	...*Mr B L Cohen ...	..	C	..	C C
„ N ..	...*Mr G C Barley ...	..	C	..	C C
„ S ..	...*Sir A Rollitt ..	..	C	..	C C
Ipswich	*Sir C Dalrymple...	..	C	..	C C
	*Lord Elcho ..	..	C	..	C C
Kent, East ..	...*Rt Hon Ackers Douglas	C	..	..	C C
Kensington, S ..	..*Sir A Borthwick..	..	C	..	C C
Kidderminster ...	...*Mr A F Godson, Q C	..	C	..	C L
King's Lynn ..	..Mr T G Bowles ...	..	C	..	C C
Kennington ..	..*Mr M Beaufoy ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Keighley... ...	...*Mr I Holden ...	..	L	..	L L
Leicester	*Mr J A Picton ..	..	L	..	L L
	*Sir J Whitehead.	..	U	..	U L
London University	..*Sir J Lubbock ..	..	L	..	1 C U
Lincoln	...Mr W Crossfield ...	..	L	..	1 C U
Lambeth, N ...	..Ald Coldwells ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Liverpool Abercromby	.*Mr W F Lawrence ...	..	C	..	C C
„ East Toxteth	*Baron de Worms ..	..	C	..	C C
„ Everton	...Mr J A Willox ..	..	C	..	C C
„ Kirkdale	..*Sir G Baden Powell	..	C	..	C C
„ Walton	..Mr J H Stock ..	..	C	..	C C
„ West Derby	.Hon W H Cross ..	..	C	..	C C
„ W Toxteth	.Mr R P Houston...	..	C	..	C C
„ Exchange	...*Mr R Neville ..	..	L	..	L L
„ S Ward	..*T P O'Connor ..	..	L	..	L L
Manchester, N. W.	...*Sir W H Houldsworth..	C	..	..	C C
Melton	..*Marquis of Granby	..	C	..	C C
Morpeth	..*Mr T Burt... ..	..	L	..	L L
Maidstone ...	..*Mr F S N Cornwallis	..	C	..	C C
Middleton, Lancs	.....Mr T Fielden ..	..	C	..	C C
Marylebone, E	...*Mr G Boulnois ..	..	C	..	C C
„ W	..*Mr F S Hunt ..	..	C	..	C C
Manchester E ...	..*Rt Hon A J Balfour	..	C	..	C C
„ N E	..*Rt Hon Sir J Ferguson	..	C	..	C C
„ N ...	...*Mr C E Schwann ...	..	L	..	L L
„ S W	..*Mr Jacob Bright ..	..	L	..	L L
„ S ..	..*Sir H Roscoe ...	..	L	..	L L
Middesbrough..	...Mr J H Wilson ..	..	L	..	L L
Newcastle-on-Tyne	*Mr C J Hammond	..	C	1 ..	L L
	*Rt Hon J Morley	..	L	..	L L
Nottingham, S...	...*Mr H S Wright ..	..	C	..	C C
„ E ...	...*Mr Arnold Morley	..	L	..	L L
„ W..	...Col Seeley	..	U	..	1 L U
Northampton ...	*Mr Labouchere ..	..	L	..	L L
	*Mr M P Manfield	..	L	..	L L
Norwood ..	...Mr C E Britton ...	..	C	..	C C
Newcastle-under-Lyme	Mr W Allen ...	..	L	..	1 U U
Newington W ...	...Captain Morton ..	..	L	..	1 C C

Constituency.	Elected.	Party Gain.	Loss.	1890.	1885.
Oxford University ..	*Sir G Mowbray ..	..	C	..	C C
	*Mr J G Talbot ..	..	C	..	C C
Oldham... ..	*Mr J M Cheetham	..	L	..	1 C C
	*Mr J T Hibbert..	..	L	..	L L
Oxford	...General Chesney..	..	C	..	C C
Oswestry, W ..	...*Mr S Leighton ..	..	C	..	C C
Paddington, S ..	..*Lord R Churchill	..	C	..	C C
Peterborough ...	..*Mr A C Morton ..	..	L	..	1 C C
Preston..	*Mr Tomlinson ...	..	C	..	C C
	*Mr Hanbury ...	..	C	..	C C
Pontefract ..	..*Hon R Winn ..	..	C	..	C C
Paddington, N..	...Mr J Aird	..	C	..	C C
Perth	...Mr Whitelaw ..	..	C	..	L L
Plymouth ...	*Sir E Clarke, Q C	..	C	..	C C
	Sir W Pearse ...	..	C	..	C C
Paisley	...Mr W Dunn ..	..	L	..	L L?
Portsmouth ..	*Mr J Baker ...	..	L	..	1 U U
	Mr W O Clough...	..	L	..	1 C C
Rutlandshire ..	...*Mr G A Finch ...	..	C	..	C C
Rochester ...	...Mr H Davies ...	..	C	..	C C
Reading	...Mr G W Palmer ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Rochdale... ...	...*Mr T Potter ...	..	L	..	L L
Rhondda... ...	...*Mr W Abraham ...	..	L	..	L L
Rotherhithe ..	..Mr C Macdonna...	..	C	..	C C
Sunderland	*Mr S Storey ..	..	L	..	L L
	*Col Gourley ..	..	L	..	L L
St George's Hanover Sq	Mr Goschen ..	..	U	..	C C
Strand	...*Hon F D Smith ..	..	C	..	C C
Stalybridge ...	...*Mr T H Sidebottom	..	C	..	C C
Stockport	*Mr L J Jennings	..	C	..	C C
	Major Hume ..	..	L	1	C L
Stafford	..Mr C E Shaw ..	..	L	..	C L
Shrewsbury ...	..Mr H D Greene ..	..	C	..	C C
Scarborough ..	..Sir G Sitwell ...	..	C	1 ..	L C
Stoke-on-Trent ..	..Mr G Leveson Gower	..	L	..	L L
St Helens (Lancs)	...*Mr H S Carr ..	..	C	..	C C
St Pancras, S ...	...*Sir J Goldsmid ...	..	C	..	C C
„ W ..	...Mr H R Graham ...	..	C	1 ..	L L
Stockton.. ..	..Mr T Wrightson ...	..	C	1 ..	L L
St Pancras, N ...	...*Mr T H Bolton ...	..	L	..	1 C L
„ E ..	...*Mr R G Webster ..	..	C	..	C C
Salford, S.. ...	..*Mr H H Howorth ..	..	C	..	C C
„ W... ..	..*Mr L Knowles ...	..	C	..	C C
„ N.. ..	...Mr W H Holland..	..	L	..	1 C C
Salisbury.. ...	..*Mr E H Hulse ..	..	C	..	C C
Southampton ..	*Mr T Chamberlayne	..	C	..	C C
	Mr F H Evans ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Southwark, W ...	..*R K Causton ..	..	L	..	L L
Tynemouth ...	...*Mr R S Donkin ...	..	C	..	C C
Taunton	...*Hon P Allsopp ..	..	C	..	C C
Wandsworth ...	...*Mr H Kimber ..	..	C	..	C C
Warwick ..	..*Rt Hon A W Peel	..	U	..	U L
Warrington ...	...Mr R Pierpoint ..	..	C	..	C C
Waterford, W ...	..*Mr A Webb ...	..	L	..	L L
Windsor	..*Mr F T Barry ..	..	C	..	C C
Wolverhampton, S	...*Rt Hon C Villiers	..	U	..	U U
„ E	...*Rt Hon H H Fowler	..	L	..	L L
Winchester ...	...Mr W Myers ...	..	C	..	C C
West Bromwich	...Mr J E Spencer ...	..	C	..	1 L L
West Ham. ...	..Mr A Grove ...	..	C	..	C L
West Ham	...Mr J K Hardie ...	..	L	..	1 C C
Worcester ...	...*Hon G Allsopp ...	..	C	..	C C
Westminster ..	..*Mr W Burdett Coutts	..	C	..	C C
Wolverhampton, W	..Sir A Hickman ..	..	C	1 ..	L L
Woolwich ..	...Col Hughes ..	..	C	..	C C
Whitehaven ...	..Mr Little	..	L	..	1 C C
Wakefield ...	...Col Charlesworth,	..	C	..	C C
Wigan	..*Sir F S Powell ..	..	C	..	C C
Walsall	..Mr F James ...	..	C	1 ..	L L
Wednesbury ..	..Mr W Lloyd ..	..	C	1 ..	L L
Walworth ..	..Mr W Saunders..	..	L	..	1 C C
York	Mr Butcher ..	..	C	1 ..	L L
	Mr F Lockwood, Q C	..	L	..	L L

*Member of Late Parliament.

Note.—In the table given above the column "gain" indicates the seats which the combined Conservative and Unionist parties have won from their opponents; the "loss" column shows the seats which have passed over to the Liberals.

At Burnley the seat was lost to the Government at a bye-election, which took place on the resignation of Mr. Slagg (U), when Mr. Ingram was returned unopposed.

At Coventry in 1887 on the elevation of Mr. Eaton to the peerage the Conservatives lost the seat to Mr. Ballantyne (L) who retains it.

At the Hartlepools on the death of Mr. Richardson (U) in 1889, Mr. Furness (L) was elected.

At Peterborough there is a Liberal gain over 1886, but this also was secured at a bye-election in 1889.

At Roobester the Conservatives have regained the seat they lost at the bye-election in 1889, which followed the resignation of Col. Hughes-Hallett.

At Barrow a Liberal, Mr. J. N. Duncan, who succeeded Mr. Caine in 1890, has been replaced by Mr. Cayzer.

At Kennington Mr. Beanfoy is re-elected to the seat he won from Mr. Gent Davis (c).

Mr. Corbett is returned for Tradeston, Glasgow, as an Unionist; hitherto he has been described as Liberal. Hence an Unionist gain is shown above.

A Conservative loss is shown in N. St. Pancras, Mr. Bolton retakes the seat he won in 1885, lost to the Hon. C. W. Baillie in 1886, and again secured at a bye-election, in 1890.

HEAVY DAMAGE BY FALLING TREES.

YESTERDAY evening a large banian tree on the foot-path, near Bhati Baugh, and opposite to the Bori Bunder Police Station, fell without warning, on the shed erected for the purpose of keeping the horses, of the Tramway Company. One of the horses tied up outside the stable, was instantly killed by the tree falling on the animal, whilst a reckla-driver was also injured, and his vehicle completely smashed. The roof of the shed partly gave way in consequence of the fall. The reckla-driver was removed to the Gokaldass Tejpal Hospital for treatment. A large gold mohur tree, in the compound of the dhurramsalla belonging to Runchhodass Kanjee, was also blown down by the wind; and in its fall struck against a telephone wire, which was broken. Fortunately, no one was injured.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. P. Weighell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, and Marseilles, with the Europe Mails and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Mr Gunther
Mr R G S Roberts
Mr W F Brown
Miss Gibson

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Crombie
Mr J F Bradbury
Major Kenny
Mr A Rhind
Lieut J Obbard
Mr J W Neill
Mr Handicast
Mr Gillon
Surg-Col Harvey
Rev R H Stevenson
Mr C G Buckland
Mr Rowland

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr Langmuir
Lieut Murray
Lieut Montague
Mr T T Nicoll
Mr Williams
Mr Highway
Miss Anderson
Mr G Warfe Murray
Mrs Clerk Kennedy
Mr G C Walker
Mr T M Filgate
Mr and Mrs Charles and child
Capt W R Hilliard
Miss Small
Col and Mrs Willoughby
Lieut A B Bennet
Mr Bergendahl

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JULY 6.

10 p.m.	79·4

THURSDAY, 7.

6 a.m.	80·3
10 a.m.	83·6
2 p.m.	79·4
4 p.m.	80·7

POST OFFICE lady clerks and others are now patted on the back by the Postmaster-General for improvement in their behaviour at the public counters. The following is a minute just issued from the Post Office : "Since the issue of the notice of the 19th April last, the Postmaster-General has received from many quarters testimony to the increased attention paid to the public in the Postal and Telegraph Offices, and there has been an almost total absence of complaints which had previously been common. Sir James Fergusson is much gratified by this result, and he desires to express his sense of the readiness shown by the Service to comply with suggestions which were recognised to have been designed in its own interest. He believes that the faults which were pointed out were due rather to thoughtlessness than to indifference, and he is hopeful that the satisfactory effort that has been made will be maintained.

THE EDGE OF THE EAST.

BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

PART 1.

THE mist was clearing off Yokohama harbour and a hundred junks had their sails hoisted for the morning breeze, so that the veiled horizon was stippled with square blurs of silver. An English man-of-war showed blue-white on the haze, so new was the daylight, and all the water lay out as smooth as the inside of an oyster shell. Two children in blue and white, their tanned limbs pink in the fresh air, sculled a marvellous boat of lemon-hued wood, and that was our fairy craft, to the shore across the stillness and the mother-o'-pearl levels.

There are ways and ways of entering Japan. The best is to descend upon it from America and the Pacific—from the barbarians and the deep sea. Coming from the East, the blaze of India and the insolent tropical vegetation of Singapore dull the eye to half-colours and little tones. It is at Bombay that the Smell of All Asia boards the ship miles off shore, and holds the passenger's nose till he is clear of Asia again. That is a violent, an aggressive smell, apt to prejudice the stranger, but kin none the less to the gentle and insinuating flavour that stole across the light airs of the daybreak when the fairy boat went to shore—a smell of very clean, new wood : split bamboos, wood-smoke, damp earth, and the things that people who are not white people eat—a homelike and comforting smell. Then followed on shore the sound of an Eastern tongue, that is beautiful or not, as you happen to know it. The Western races have many languages, but a crowd of Europeans heard through closed doors talk with the Western pitch and cadence. So it is with the East. A line of ginrickshaw coolies sat in the sun discoursing to each other, and it was as though they were welcoming a return in speech that the listener must know as well as English. They talked and they talked, but the ghosts of familiar words would not grow any clearer, till presently, the Smell came down the open streets again, saying that this was the East where nothing matters, and trifles old as the Tower of Babel mattered less than nothing, and that there were old acquaintances waiting at every corner beyond the township. Great is the Smell of the East ! Railways, telegraphs, docks, and gun-boats cannot banish it, and it will endure till the railways are dead. He who has not smelt that smell has not lived.

Three years ago Yokohama was sufficiently Europeanized in its shops to suit the worst and wickedest taste. To-day it is still worse if you keep to the town limits. Ten steps beyond into the fields all the civilization stops exactly as it does in another land a few thousand miles further West. The globe-trotting millionaires, anxious to spend money, with a nose on whatever caught their libertine fancies, had explained to us aboard-ship that they came to Japan in haste, advised by their guide-books to do so, lest the land should be uddenly civilized between steamer-sailing and steamer-sailing. When they touched land they ran away to the curio shops to buy things which are prepared for them—mauve and magenta and blue vitriol things. By this ti me they have a Murray under one arm and an electric blue eagle, with a copperas beak and a yellow "*E-Pluribus Unum*" embroidered on apple-green silk, under the o ther.

We, being

dated from the time when the questions affecting Indian finance were beginning to attract the notice of Parliament through the agitation kept up by the East India Association. In the year 1869, while on a visit to Bombay, Mr. Dadabhai succeeded in establishing in this city a branch of the East India Association. In the same year, his countrymen gratefully recognised his services by presenting him with an address and a purse, the greatest portion of the latter of which he has already appropriated to the promotion of public interests. It was partly owing to Mr. Dadabhai's exertions that the committee on Indian finance was appointed in 1873. In the following year, while on a visit to Bombay, Mr. Dadabhai was appointed Dewan to the Baroda State in the troublous time of Mulhar Rao Gaekwar. Freed from the responsibilities of Dewan, for reasons which need not be recapitulated here, Mr. Dadabhai turned his attention, during his stay in Bombay, to the municipal administration of the city at a time when Mr. Pedder was Municipal Commissioner. On the resignation of his seat as a member of the Town Council and the Corporation in 1876, both bodies passed a vote of thanks recording the valuable services he had rendered the Municipality. Mr. Dadabhai was one of the moving spirits in the inauguration of the annual Congresses in India, and had been elected one of its Presidents. About the same year, he published his brochure on the "Poverty of India," and on his return to England once more, another brochure, called the "Condition of India." The enthusiasm he aroused at the time of Lord Ripon's departure in all the principal cities of India was remarkable. He read a number of elaborate papers on the condition and wants of India before the East India Association in London.

Mr. Dadabhai was not left unhonoured by the Government while residing in Bombay. He was appointed a member of the Grand Jury in 1855; was nominated a Fellow of the Bombay University in 1864; and a Justice of the Peace in 1883, in which year he again joined the Municipal Corporation of Bombay. In 1885, he was nominated by Lord Reay a member of the Bombay Legislative Council.

In June, 1886, Mr. Dadabhai was courting the suffrages of the electors of Holborn, whom he addressed at a public meeting, held in the Town Hall of that City, on the 24th of that month. In January, 1889, the members of the National Liberal Club entertained him at a complimentary dinner, at which the Marquis of Ripon presided. It may not be inappropriate to conclude this hurried notice of Mr. Dadabhai's career with the remarks his Lordship made in proposing the health of the guest of the evening:—

He (Mr. Dadabhai) had devoted himself with indefatigable zeal to the advancement of education in India, and to promoting the general progress of his fellow-countrymen. He had a part in many of those excellent works which had been carried out in all parts of India, and nowhere with more zeal and more success than in the Presidency of Bombay. But it was not only in India that Mr. Naoroji had won for himself a reputation; he had been long known also in commercial circles in this country, and he had been connected here, as they were all aware, with one of the most important Indian houses that existed, he believed, in this metropolis. As their guest advanced in life, he gave himself more and more to the study of the public question connected with the welfare of his own country. Intimately acquainted with the literature of England and master, as they knew, of her language, and of many of her political and economical questions, he had brought to bear all the knowledge derived from these Western studies upon the problems which related to his own Eastern land. With zeal and earnestness which had won for him the confidence and respect of his countrymen, he had laboured here for their political and social advancement. But it was not only that which concerned the interests of the direct British subjects in India, or with regard to the questions which appealed to the Parliament or the Government of this country, that Mr. Naoroji had occupied himself. At one period of his distinguished life he was invited to undertake what he (the noble Marquess) would venture to say was one of the most arduous duties at that time that could be entrusted to any individual. He was asked to undertake the duty of Dewan, or Prime Minister of the State of Baroda, at a time when the condition of that State was anything but satisfactory, and when the prospects of one who entered upon the duties which their friend assumed were of anything but an agreeable character. He performed those duties honestly and ably, and ultimately received the thanks of those best qualified to judge of such matters for the course which he pursued. It addition to this, he had received the honour of being appointed a member of the Legislative Council of Bombay. He thought he had said enough to justify the claim that Mr. Naoroji was among the most eminent of living Anglo-Indian statesmen.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT McL. GORDON, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted to return to duty.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. M. BROWNE, General List, Infantry, has been granted three months' extension of leave on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT H. G. BROWN, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted extension of leave on medical certificate, until 3rd February 1893.

LIEUTENANT T. A. F. R. Oldfield, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted six months' extension of leave on medical certificate.

SECOND LIEUTENANT C. GODFREY, 1st Battalion Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, has been appointed Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

THERE will be a game to-day, on the Cooperage ground, at 5-30 p.m. Players are requested to wear colored or white jerseys according to their side. The sides will be as follows:—

COLOURS.		WHITE.
C St Paul	back	G L Home
N J Stabb	¾	W C Symes
P F Fisher		Two others
A N Other		
A S Capper	½	W Sutherland
Gunner Langton		H W Joyce
P De Witton (captain.)	forwards	P C Clark
T Anderson		J Murray
H Payne Galwey		W Farquharson
T G Wallis-Whiddett		C H Brierley
H Bulkley		and 5 gunners
and four others		

THE WEATHER AT ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

THE Eastern Telegraph Company sends us the following telegram:—

Aden 7, 10 a.m.—Bar. 29·8; ther., 90; wind, S.-S.-W to S.-S.-E; force, 412.

Zanzibar, 7, 8 a.m.—Weather, fine; wind, S.-S.-W; thermometer, 456·5; 3 minutes after, 457·2.

AT Barn Elms the Ranelagh Club had an excellent show of hacks, hunters, and harness horses. A more delightful place for a gathering of this kind could hardly be imagined. Members and their friends assembled in hundreds and the tree-shaded lawns were bright with dainty costumes. A special champion prize for hacks that had previously gained distinction elsewhere was won by Lady Brooke's Queen of the Dale, and silver cups for different classes went to Mr. Romer William's Grey Dawn and Mr. Agnew's Marshall Fireaway. The cup for hunters was won by Miss Gordon Canninge's La Cigale, who not only is good to look at in the show ring but can hold her own against all comers with the Ledbury Hounds. A similar character could hardly be given to some of the horses that took part afterwards in a leaping competition. One among them refused to face the fences, and did all his jumpings after the manner of mustangs at a Wild West show.

Holloway's Pills.—Indigestion, Stomach and Liver Complaints.—Persons suffering from any derangements of the liver, stomach, or the organs of digestion should have recourse to Holloway's Pills, as there is no medicine known that acts on these particular complaints with such certain success. Its peculiar properties strengthen the stomach, increase the appetite and rouse the sluggish liver. For bowel complaints it is invaluable, as it removes every primary derangement, thereby restoring the patient to the soundest health and strength. These preparations may be used at all times and in all climates by persons affected by biliousness, nausea, or disordered liver: for flatulency and heart-burn they are specifics. Indeed no ailment of the digestive organs can long resist their purifying and corrective powers.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, under the presidency of Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik. There were also present:—Messrs. Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardasir Dadabhai Mody, Badrudin bin Abdula Kur, Brigade-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Mr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Chimanlal Harilal Setalvad, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Darashah Ratanji Chichgar, Dominick A. D'Monte, Dinshaw Eduljí Wacha, Rao Saheb Elappa Balaram, Messrs. Fazulbhai Jumabhai Laljí, Grattan Geary, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas, Ibrahim Rahimtula, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Karsandas Chubildas, K. M. Shroff, Kharsedji Nasarwanji Wadia, T. B. Kirkham, G Lund, Mulji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Nanabhai Navroji Katrak, Nanu Narayen Kothare, R. G. Oxenham, Pranjivandas Culliandass, Selim Solomon, Sundernath D. Khote, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Colonel W. H. Wilson, and Mr. Tribhowandas Mungaldas.

THE BHULESHWAR SCHOOLS.

Dr. Blaney having obtained from the Corporation priority for his motion, he moved that the following be forwarded for favour of the remarks of the Municipal Commissioner:—Letter to the President, No. 1414, dated 17th June, 1892, from the Educational Inspector, C. D., forwarding Government Resolutition No. 1188, Educational Department, dated 7th idem, sanctioning, conditionally, the grant of Rs. 30,000 towards the cost of building a primary school over the Bhuleshwar Market. The Corporation would see from the letter that they expected Government would bear one-half of the cost of the building. There was nothing in the letter of Government to lead the Corporation to suppose they would not pay half the amount, but at present the Government considered the plans of the Corporation too ornate, and that something could be done to reduce the expendutnre to bring it within the limit of Rs. 30,000 for the Government half. The Municipal Commissioner would be able to understand whether any economies could be effected. If he was not able to bring down the estimates, still if there should be three or four thousand rupees required in excess, he felt sure that when the Government saw they had tried to make a school sufficient for the purposes required, they would pay the enhanced amount. No amount had been included in the estimate for the site, which was a Municipal one, and given free of charge.

Mr. Karsondas Chabildas seconded the motion.

Mr. T. B. Kirkham informed the Corporation that the application of the limit which had been suggested by Government was not a new thing. The rule laid down by Government for grants in aid of primary schools was a double one. The general rule was that Government gave one-half of the amount to be expended on a building, but that rule was limited by a consideration which he thought the Corporation would admit was a reasonable one. The principle was that Government would not give more than one-half of that style of building, which Government themselvs would put up if it were done by the department. Otherwise of course, Government would be at the mercy of any society which might feel disposed to put up an extravagant or ornamental building. The Corporation would see that the Adviser to Government had left out an important consideration, namely, the distance of the school from the homes of children. He (the speaker) thought it was possible to put up the school for the amount specified if they were not restricted as to site. If they went in the direction of Byculla they could find cheap sites, but if they were to do that the school would not be near the children's homes, and if that was the case they would not go, and the Corporation would defeat its own object. If the adviser to Government had taken that fact into consideration he would have modified his estimate.

Mr. Solomon thought there should be little difficulty in getting the estimate reduced in order to meet the figure.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee pointed out that a great deal of money was paid by Government for the Cathedral High Schools, which was one of the most ornamental buildings in the city. He considered that if the matter was properly put before Government they would see their way to pay the amount asked.

Mr. Wacha pointed out that the school was to be erected above the new markets at Bhuleshwar, and the school must be in keeping with that building. He supposed the markets would have some ornental feature, and he did not see why the school should not. Government seemed to think that because they were poor primary schools, the building should also be poor. (Hear, hear).

The motion was adopted.

HOW ABOUT THE VENTILATING SHAFTS?

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee moved, on the recommendation of the Standing Committee.—

"That, as applied for by the Commissioner, in his memorandum No. 4218, dated 20th May 1892, the Corporation, under section 133 (2) of the Municipal Act, sanction the transfer of Rs. 1,860, from the grant for new works, providing ventilating shafts on Ripon Road sewer, to meet the cost of constructing 2 masonry and 2 metal ventilating shafts on Queen's Road.

Dr. Blaney took exception to the financial proposition and considered it was on the principle of robbing Peter to pay Paul. He moved as an amendment that the Corporation approve of the ventilating shafts on Queen's Road and requests the Standing Committee to suggest some other way as to the cost should be provided.

The Municipal Commissioner admitted that there was something in what Dr. Blaney had said, but it was important that the shafts on the Queen's Road should be proceeded with without delay.

Mr. Wacha asked how did they know that the ventilating shafts were not as bad as the house-connections. (Laughter.) He did not pretend to be an expert on such matters.—(hear, hear)—but he did not know whether the city was benefited to the extent of a pie by the ventilating shafts.

A member: How about Mr. Baldwin Latham's report?

Mr. Wacha, continuing, remarked that Mr. Latham was all *koosh*. He had got his Rs. 30,000—(Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee: "Rs. 40,000")—and he was all right. The reports of Sanitary Engineers were as debatable as the opinions of doctors—(Dr. Cowasjee: "Or editors"). He urged upon the Corporation that sanitation should proceed on the right principle. For the last twenty years they had been trying to do that, but up to the present time their attemps had failed. They had spent over a *crore* of rupees on sanitation and ventilation shafts, but were in as bad a position as ever. Were they going to throw more money into the sea?

Mr. Kur remarked that if authorities said they must have the shafts, and the Corporation neglected to build them, then they would be responsible for any deaths that might occur in the sewers.

Mr. Wacha: There is no responsibility in the Municipality. (Laughter).

The amendment was then adopted.

THE HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee moved that the Health Officer's Report for the first quarter of 1892 be referred to the Commissioner for the purpose of being sent back to the Health Officer for a fuller report embodying his view on the questions of house connections and his suggestions in the matter. Dr. Cowasjee said the report had already created a great deal of discussion in the Corporation and a special meeting was called to consider the subject. The Standing Committee had anticipated the Corporation and had already asked for fuller information, which would be sent on as soon as it was received.

The motion was then adopted.

OUTRAGED MEMORY.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee moved, as recommended by the Standing Committee.

"That the Corporation inform Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. and others, in reply to their application, dated 28th April last, that the Argyle Road was made by the Port Trust and taken over from them by the Municipality; and that it has a metalled surface only, without any packing below, although the road is exposed to more trying conditions than almost any thoroughfare in the city. That the Commissioner will ascertain the cost of packing and re-metalling the road with a view to putting it into proper condition. That, as regards present emergencies, the cost of full metalling the road during the current year has already been budgetted for. That the side streets referred to Malet Road, and roads below Elphinstone Bridge, have already been repaired."

Dr. Blaney asked if it was right that the name of the late Thomas Ormiston, the Port Trust Engineers who laid the Argyle Road, should be outraged in that manner. He considered that it was impossible such a man as Mr. Ormiston, who laid down the Elphinstone Circle road, could have put down the Argyle Road without any packing below.

The Commissioner: No road, I am informed by the Road Department, handed over by the Port Trust, has been found to be packed below.

Dr. Blaney, continuing, said he could not allow such a statement to pass without challenge. Mr. Ormiston made the road one hundred feet wide and to stand a large amount of traffic, and he would decline to put his (Dr. Blaney's) name to any such statement as that it was without packing. If a proper enquiry was made he believed the memory of Thomas Ormiston would be vindicated, and the Commissioner ought to have done so before putting that statement on record. He moved as an amendment "That the Commissioner be requested to make enquiries as to the conditions under which the Argyle Road was constructed by the late engineer of the Port Trust and report thereon to the Corporation."

Mr. Kur seconded.

Mr. Setalvad considered the petition should be dealt within the right quarter and moved as a further amendment "That Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co. be informed that their application was referred to the Commissioner for disposal who alone had power to deal with it."

Mr. T. B. Kirkham pointed out that if they left out the debatable matter in the resolution, to which Dr. Blaney had referred, they would have a good practical resolution. He moved as an amendment "That Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.," and others, be informed in reply to their application dated the 28th April last that the Commissioner would ascertain the cost of putting the Argyle Road into proper condition; that as regarded the present emergencies the cost of full metalling parts of the road had already been budgetted for, and that the side streets, to Malet Road and roads below Elphinstone Bridge had already been repaired.

Mr. Kothare seconded this amendment, and Mr. Solomon supported.

Dr. Blaney said the last amendment cut the ground from under his amendment, and removed the base statement which had been made against the late Thomas Ormiston. He would support that amendment and ask leave of the Corporation to withdraw his.

The permission was given and Mr. Kirkham's amendment carried.

NOT A FACT.

Mr. K. Chubildas, in accordance with notice of motion, moved. "That the Commissioner be requested to furnish a report of the circumstances under which there was no water in the mains at the time when a fire occurred at Arthur Bander on the 12th ult. He considered that if the facts of the case were as reported in the *Times of India*, then they were serious and required explanation.

The Commissioner said that Mr. Chubildas was wrong in his facts. The statement that there was no supply of water in the mains was erroneous as there was ample pressure in the main, as had already been stated in the letter to the *Bombay Gazette* and *Times of India*, written by the head of the fire brigade, it was found more convenient to use sea water, it being nearer. When the tide went out pipes had to be attached to the main, but the pressure was so good that it was not found necessary to use the engine.

Mr. Chubildas on hearing that explanation withdrew his motion.

There was no other business of interest, and the Corporation adjourned until Thursday next.

MR. MACLEAN AND OLDHAM.

IN connection with the defeat of Mr. J. M. Maclean at Oldham, on Wednesday, the following graphic account of his experiences in December, 1885, when first elected to represent the Lancashire borough, will afford interesting reading to his many friends in Bombay. Writing from London to the *Bombay Gazette*, he said:—

Our contest here (Oldham) was one of the hardest fought anywhere in the kingdom. The Liberal Party in Oldham have a tower of strength in Mr. S. R. Platt, head of the great firm of Platt and Co., who have sent out so much machinery for your Indian cotton mills, and who employ some 7,000 or 8,000 men in their workshops. Mr. Platt has naturally very great influence in the borough, and although a strong Churchman himself and greatly opposed to Mr. Chamberlain's proposals he, for old aquaintance sake, took up Mr. Stanley's cause very warmly at this election, and went about to the Liberal meetings entreating the electors "not to split between Hibbert and Maclean" but to vote straight for Hewert and Stanley. The advice had a considerable effect in reducing any majority, for a good many moderate Liberals, who had intended to give me a vote, resolved to follow Mr. Platt's example and go with their party. Mr. Stanley, who is a very out-spoken and dogmatic Radical, consented to give them an excuse for changing their minds, by stating that he could not bring up the question of disestablishment in the coming Parliament, and that he thought it possible the Church might by reforming herself, become ultimately so popular as not to need to be disestablished. In these circumstances, although I had still some support from the other side I might have failed if the English Catholics and Irish Nationalists had not come to the rescue. The priests supported me because I had spoken out in favour of religious education, and the Parnellites favour me rather than my Conservative colleague, Mr. Taylor Whitehead, because my chances of success were considered better than his, and their great object was to defeat "the Coercionist Stanley." The result was that I got the second place on the poll. The Irish, however, did not give a solid vote, old association with the Radicals being still too powerful with many of them, or I should undoubtedy have been at the head of the poll. Still I am in. The majority is not very large, but as Mercutio says, it is enough; it will serve. At last, I have realised the dream of my life and am a member of the English Parliament. I think my many friends in India will be delighted to hear of my success Among the hundred telegrams of congratulations I have received since Wednesday night, from all the parts of the country not a few are from old Anglo-Indians, whom I had not heard of for years. The natives of India will now have an opportunity of judging for themselves if the man whom the Bombay Presidency Association prescribed is really an enemy to the country in which he made his fortune and reputation. By the way, it is a curious thing, the candidates especially favoured by the educated natives Mr. Slagg, Mr. Jacob Bright, Mr. W. Digby, and Baboo Lalmohan Ghose himself, have all come to signal and well-deserved grief.

Mr. Digby's defeat one hails with particular satisfaction, as he has made himself the mere agent of discontented Baboodom. He went down to Chiswicks lately, and made a most scandalous attack on Lord G. Hamilton for his conduct as Under-Secretary for India seven years ago. Sir G. Birdwood replied to Mr. Digby with a crushing letter, which must greatly have helped to secure the latter" defeat in Paddington. To return to myself. I have been nearly knocked down by the tremendously heavy work of the campaign. The excitement during the three hours the votes were being counted—you will see that we have the heaviest poll in the whole country at Oldham—was intense, and grew quite painful. At last I could not sit still, but kept walking up and down from the platform reserved for the candidates and their friends into the body of the hall. At last, the figures were all added up. The Mayor came down from the platform with the fateful paper in his hand, and he and the town clerk, with the legal agents of the two parties looking on to check the numbers, proceeded to put down on another sheet of paper the formal declaration of the poll. A moment before Alderman Buckley, a strong Liberal partisan, had said to me, quietly: "You are one of the members for Oldham." How he knew the result I cannot tell, but his prophecy was correct. My agent looked up just as the Mayor was finishing the formal copy of the declaration, and made me a slight inclination of the head. Then I knew all was right. Immediately afterwards the Mayor called for silence, and read out the numbers. There was a stampede of messengers of both sides from the Town Hall into the square outside, and such a shout went up from the many thousands waiting for the news, as might have been heard at Manchester. Mr. Hibbert proposed, and I seconded, a vote of thanks to the Mayor and Town Clerk, but my heart was so full of emotions of joy and gratitude that I almost broke down. Stanley behaved very well. He asked one of his friends to feel his pulse and tell him if it did not beat as calmly as usual; but it is easier to bear defeat than success without nervousness.

He also came up to me and said very frankly "I think you would have congratulated me if I had won; let me congratulate you." Mr. Hibbert came too, and shook hands, saying he hoped we should work together harmoniously, in local matters at all events. The contest, though severe, has been fought without bitterness, and one of my friends, who is at the same time a severe critic, told me I had not said a word in the campaign which I need wish to recall. The scene which ensued when I left the Town Hall baffles description. I have been the popular candidate with the crowd, their favourite cry in greeting "Go it owd champion," the word "owd" being meant not as a reflection on my age, but as term of endearment. As I went down the Town Hall steps I was surrounded by cheering partisans and half carried, half hustled, down the streets for nearly half-a-mile to the Conservative Club. The police made desperate efforts to keep off the pressure, and after a time were able to form a guard round me. At the club I was hoisted heavy weight as I am on men's shoulders and carried across the room to a table on which was at last deposited. Then followed any amount of cheering and congratulations, my wife who had had to wait at the club for the news, being the first to welcome me. It was three o'clock before we got home, and, in spite of all I had gone through, I felt as happy as a king.

J. M. M.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Election returns to midnight on Wednesday show that 123 Conservatives, 19 Unionists, and 97 Liberals have been elected. So far the Conservatives have gained ten seats, the Unionists four, and the Liberals 29.

MR. DIGBY and Mr. W. M. Maclean have been defeated, while Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji has been elected by a majority of three.

SIR G. CHESNEY and Sir A. Scoble are among Wednesday's successful candidates.

IT is just now the fashion to hurl mud at the sanitary system of Bombay. No part of the drainage scheme carried out in the city has escaped aspersion, and the last part of it to be attacked are the erections on Queen's Road known as ventilating shafts. Mr. D. E. Wacha, yesterday, at a meeting of the Corporation, came to the conclusion that there was no evidence to show that these monuments played any useful part in freeing the sewers of gases, and insinuated that they might be as bad as the house-connections. The motion before the Corporation was to sanction the erection of other shafts, and he put in an effective parting shot by enquiring if they were going to throw more money to the bottom of the sea. The Corporation decided to dispose of Rs. 1,860, in that manner.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending July 5 was 498, giving a death-rate of 29·48 per annum per thousand as against 23·66 the corresponding period of last year, and 23·97 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 156 died from fevers; 2, small-pox; 54, phthisis; 8, measles; 5, cholera; 48, diseases of the nervous system; 76, affections of the respiratory organs; 20, diarrhœa; 13, dysentery; 32, still-born; 41, old age and debility; 8, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 35; Brahmin, 25; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 211; Hindu outcaste, 41; Musalman, 134; Parsee, 23; Native Christian, 13; European, 9; Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 309 as against 300 the corresponding period of last year, and 311 the average over the past five years.

ACCORDING to the present arrangements Lady Lansdowne will leave Brindisi for India on the 14th of August. Lord William Beresford, who again returned to Germany, will probably accompany her Excellency.

THE hearing of the Municipal Town Duty Refund case, in which Dastur Edalji Pestonji Sanjana is charged with cheating the Municipality in respect of certain refund claims, was resumed yesterday by Mr. Cooper the Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Mehta cross-examined the prosecutor Rao Saheb Virparsad Tapiparsad. In course of the cross-examination, some new facts were brought to light. Several other *cheeteewallas* are also suspected to have similarly defrauded the Municipality.

THE Darjiling-Himalayan Railway Company approximate earnings for the week ending 18th June, were Rs. 11,774. Corresponding period of 1891, Rs. 11,708. Increase, Rs. 66. Receipts per mile for the week ending 28th June, 1892, Rs. 230-13-10. Corresponding period of 1891, Rs. 229-9-2. Increase, Rs. 1-4-8. Receipts from 1st January to 18th June, 1892. Rs. 2,81,158. Corresponding period of 1891, Rs. 2,64,267. Increase, Rs. 16,891.

A FATAL accident has occurred at a place near Berlin to a female parachutist, Madame Carell Grossmann. Madame Grossman ascended in a baloon from Sternecke's beer-gardens on the Weissen Lake and afterwards began to descend by a parachute. When still at a height of 500 feet she lost her hold on the parachute and fell headlong into the lake. The unhappy woman rose to the surface and was brought ashore, but died within a few minutes from internal injuries.

THE Madras Government has approved of the revised form of Income-tax return prepared by the Collector of Income-Tax. It will be remembered that the Chamber of Commerce addressed Government last year complaining of the way which the Collector was levying the tax. While disagreeing with the Chamber, Government was of opinion that the form of Income-tax return should be so altered as to show the gross receipts of the year and the expenditure under each head (to be specified) which the assessee claimed to have deducted therefrom before being assessed to the tax. This has now been done, and the form will, we hope, meet with general approval.

OUTBREAKS of cholera are reported in the Sarun Jail and in the Midnapur Central Jail.

LORD VALLETORT, A. D. C. to the Viceroy, will probably return to India in the cold weather.

THE marriage of Lady Eveline Fitzmaurice, with Mr. Victor Cavendish, M. P., is arranged for the 30th of July.

THE Draft Bill to consolidate the Merchant Shipping Acts is expected to be ready for circulation to the local Governments by the end of the month.

THERE will be no opening speech at the Simla Fine Arts Exhibition this year on the 15th of August, but a Conversazione and private view will be held instead. The Exhibition promises to be above the average.

A BANGALORE paper is sorry to learn that the "borer" pest is again devastating the coffee trees in Coorg. In the Bamboo District, where some of the finest estates are, "thousands of trees are being removed and burnt." In many instances 13,000 to 14,000 trees off an acre is said to be the loss this year.

THE command of the new cavalry regiment being raised by the Begum of Bhopal for Imperial service has been given to Ressaidar Hussun-din-khan of the 3rd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent. This native officer served in the Afghan and Burma compaigns, and was the winner of a prize sword for tent-pegging, presented by the late Prince Albert Victor at the Muridki camp in January 1890.

THE storm which was reported to be hovering somewhere between the Andaman Islands and Madras on Monday, appears to have reached the coast during the night. Rain began to fall heavily about midnight and continued more or less heavily until 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning, over two inches falling between midnight and 8 a.m. Madras has not experienced such a fall for a very long time.

IT has been notified that applications on behalf of non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Artillery, of good character, and of at least 4 years' continuous service in India, for transfer to the Home Establishment on extension of service or re-engagement, will be submitted for the consideration of his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief, and will be sanctioned so far as it is possible to replace the applicants by transfers from the Home establishments.

DURING the week ending the 1st instant, the total number of births registered among all classes within the Municipal limits of Madras was 263, the mean of ten previous years for the corresponding week being 344·1, and the ratio per thousand per annum being 30·2. The number of deaths is reported to be 296 or 45 more than the figures for the previous week, the average of the corresponding period in the preceding ten years being 269·3, and the ratio per mille per annum being 34·0. There were 2 deaths from cholera, 7 from measles, 93 from fevers, 32 from dysentery, 16 from diarrhœa, 3 from wounds and accidents, and 143 from all other causes. Distributed among classes the deaths were:—Europeans 2, East Indians 5, Native Christians 14, Mahomedans 29, and Hindus 246.

POTATO DISEASE IN BOMBAY.

THE following note on the Potato Disease prevalent in the Poona District and elsewhere in the Presidency was issued yesterday:—

In January last year a potato disease was brought to notice affecting the crop of the Khed and Junnar Talukas, which largely supply the Poona and Bombay markets. It has since been found elsewhere in the Poona District, in Gujarat, and at Mahableshwar. It seems to have made its first appearance some 3 or 4 years ago, and it now occupies the chief potato grounds of the Presidency, causing heavy loss to cultivators and a marked deterioration of quality in the potatoes sold for consumption.

The cultivators call this the "bangdi" disease, owing to the appearance of a dark ring easily visible in the substance of the tuber on section. Unsound and (apparently) sound potatoes are found in the same field; but the whole crop is in such cases probably affected. The first "outward symptom is a withering of the green top, with arrest of the growth of the tuber. The diseased crop, when dug is found to be greatly underseized throughout; many tubers are rotten and putrid; others show, by a small livid spot, where putrescence is about to set in. The whole potatoes are eatable when fresh, but rot away in storage.

2. During the past season potatoes were imported from Mahableshwar, Saharanpur, Bangalore, Ootacamund* and England and were distributed to cultivators as seed, in the hope that the sets from hardy stocks and from a distant soil might prove sufficiently robust to resist the infection, at least for some years. Mr. Mollison, the Superintendent of Farms, gave special attention to this experiment and also tried the effect of applying mixtures of sulphate of iron and of sulphate of copper to the affected fields. Both experiments have failed. The worst plots were naturally those sown with the Mahableshwar seed, it not being known before that the hill district was already infected. The only sound crops found were those grown in the compound of the Mamlatdar's office at Khed and in a garden hitherto used for "pan" (Piper betel). Neither of these two grounds had been under potato for some years certainly. All the other crops exhibited the characteristic ring.

3. Concurrently with these experiments a field was sown at the Khandesh Government farm with Poona seed, which appeared to be perfectly sound. Some of the seed potatoes were kept for further examination. Khandesh is not a potatoe district, and the land sown had never been under potato before. The crop was diseased throughout, proving that the seed was infected, though, when sown, the signs of disease were not distinguishable by the eye. On examination of the seed-potatoes which had been stored the characteristic ring and a mottled unhealthy condition of the flesh were plainly apparent. Mr. Mollison found in the diseased crop indications of a fungus which appeared to attack the green stem first.

4. At the Poona farm four varieties of English potatoes received from Messrs. Sutton and Sons were planted side by side with Poona potatoes, selected for apparent soundness, on land not before used for this crop. The English seed of all varieties produced a sound and healthy crop and has been reserved as seed for further experiment. The local potatoes were diseased, but not greatly so, and were marketable. In this experiment all the potatoes were planted in ridge-rows as in England; the irrigation water being directed along the furrows.

5. A small quantity of true seed (from inflorescence) was obtained from France and was also tried at this frrm. The object of growing from the true seed is to establish a strong and natural stock, such as in Europe is systematically resorted to when the artificial strains have shown a tendency to weakness. This experiment is being continued, but conclusions cannot be drawn at this early stage.

6. Specimens of plants in various stages of sickness have been submitted by Mr. Mollison, to Dr. Cunningham, the Special Assistant to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, who has undertaken a scientific investigation of the blight. I have Dr. Cunningham's permission to quote his provisional conclusions, but it must be clearly understood that the subject is still under enquiry by him, as well as by this department, and that any opinions expressed are subject to modification after more complete investigation. Dr. Cunningham writes:—You are quite right in distinguishing this affection from common potato blight; for there are no signs of phytophthera about the plants. So far as I can ascertain, it is essentially due to an invasion of the vascular bundles of the base of the haulm by fungal mycelium, which is to be found in all the elements of the bundles, and in special abundance in the larger vessels, which are in many places absolutely plugged by dense sclerotical masses of filaments. With such an invasion of the water-leading system it is of course only natural that withering of the host should occur. The method of irrigation which you say is employed must afford special facilities of access to the parasite invading the submerged basis of the haulms, and the continuous cultivation of crops from year to year in the same areas must tend to keep up a continuous supply of the sclerotic masses of mycelium within the vessels being very well adapted to survive prolonged periods of dormancy, with a capacity for renewed active growth on the recurrence of favavourable conditions."

7. Mr. Mollison drew attention to the fact that the disease shows itself only on the plant approaching maturity, when the fibro-vascular bundles of the stem are well developed. At first the flesh of the tuber shows little or no sign of disturbance, but at a point about an inch below the soil-surface a brown stain makes its appearance in the substance of the haulm, and, this extending above and below, the disease rapidly declares itself. The sudden wilting of the apparently healthy green plant, often within 24 hours, is a marked and peculiar symptom. In a further communication, Dr. Cunningham says:—"None of the specimens of the blight which I have seen show any trace of spore formation, but they do most distinctly show the formation of sclerotical masses of mycelium within the cavities of the vessels. These are very probably the source of propagation, as similar bodies certainly are in the case of some other vegetable blights; and, if so, the delay in the appearance of the disease is readily accounted for, as sclerotia frequently require a considerable time to become roused from their dormant condition and give origin to new mycelium. They, in fact, play the part of resting spores, and like them, are not always at once prepared to germinate. The brownish tinge in the vascular bundles is in the haulm clearly associated with the invasion of the mycelium.....It is, as you suggest, very probable that it is only in the upper layers of soil that the sclerotia find all the conditions favouring their becoming active. There appears to be little tendency to spread of the mycelium downwards along the bundles of the roots, as compared to that which it has to pass upwards along those of the haulm, and I have as yet been unable to find any traces of it in the tubers, even where most highly affected as indicated by the blackening of the vascular bundles and surrounding areas of parenchyma."

8. The scientific enquiry, Dr. Cunningham goes on to say, can only be concluded by means of experiments on infection of living plants, and these cannot be carried out before next cold weather. Meanwhile every effort must be made to discover a practical remedy for a disease which threatens to destroy one of the most valuable garden crops of the country. So far it has been shown:—

(i). That the disease is not the European potato blight. From this it differs in the absence of the black fungous spots on the leaves and of the characteristic odour; and it differs also in not being amenable, when the crop is in the ground, to treatment by the sulphate of iron and copper solutions.

(ii). That diagnostic symptoms may be found before the characteristic ring in the tuber is apparent, in the sudden wilting of the green top, and in the antecedent brown discoloration of the fibro-vascular bundles of the haulm, discoverable on section.

(iii). That the disease-germ harbours in the soil, and will infect all stocks however robust.

(i). The origin of the pest is probably to be found in exhaustion of the soil and of the stock owing to over-cultivation. The crop is so profitable that it is grown year after year on the same land, and the unwillingness of the cultivator to exchange it for less valuable produce, even when disease is rife, forms one of the chief difficulties to be met. A rest from potato for 3 or 4 years would probably cleanse infected land.

10. This note is published in the hope that, attention being drawn to the subject, other investigators may assist in the enquiry, so that repressive measures may be introduced without loss of time. The further experiments to be made by this department next season will be carried out mainly on the following lines; but others will doubtless suggest themselves:—

(i). By application of the solutions of iron and copper to the field before sowing. Dr. Cunningham's researches have afforded a clue to the failure of this method when applied to the growing crop. Used in this way, it succeeds, with the ordinary blight, and in the absence of microscopical investigation it was puzzling to find that it had absolutely no effect on this disease. But, as the fungus is found to establish itself at once in the deep tissues, it is clear that external applications to the plant can be of no use. The fungal germs can, however, be attacked while harbouring in the soil, and a free treatment with the solutions ought to succeed. If in infected soil, so treated, and sown with healthy seed, an untainted crop can be produced, a considerable step in advance will have been made.

(ii.) By improved cultivation. The method adopted at the Poona Farm, of growing the potatoes on ridges as in Europe, promises to afford considerable protection. There is a little doubt that a saturated surface soil is favourable to the disease, and this it gets in perfection by the native method of growing potatoes on the flat. Mr. Mollison placed his ridges about 24" apart, with a foot between sets, and, the irrigation water being run in the furrows, the soil was kept continuously moist without ever being in the condition of a quagmire as under the native system of flooding. The potatoes so grown were of fine quality and flavour and free from the waxiness common to the Indian grown tuber. This, and the fact that none of the Indian potatoes produce seed-plums, looks as if a faulty method of cultivation may have caused degeneration and consequent susceptibility to disease in all the acclimatized stocks. The ridge system, in any case, deserves to be fully tried.

11. I append a few instructions as to the solutions referred to in the preceding paragraph.

E. L. CAPPEL,
Director, Lands Records and Agriculture, Bombay.
Poona, 11th June, 1892.

Copper Sulphate solution with quicklime ("Bouillie Bordelaise") for 1 acre:—

45 lbs. sulphate of copper.
22½ lbs. quicklime.
220 gallons of water (2,200 lbs.)

The sulphate should be dissolved by hanging it in a coarse cloth or basket in water contained in a wooden vessel. Hot water acts more quickly. The quicklime is slaked in a separate tank and then stirred into a fine gruel with added water. This should be passed through a sieve into the solution; well stirred; and the remaining water added.

Iron solution with quicklime is made in the same proportions, substituting the iron for the copper salt. It is much cheaper, but its value has not been definitely proved. The "Bouillie Bordelaise" was proved to be specific for the European blight by an exhaustive series of experiments in England and on the Continent, and the recipe is given as published by the Royal Agricultural Society. As the quantities were intended for spray application to the plant surface, probably more will be required for the disinfection of the soil, and a double quantity of the copper solution might be tried; in the case of the iron solution even more may probably be applied without danger to the crop.

* The disease has made its appearance in the Nellgherries. The seed imported was of a kidney potato, which at Ootacamund had been found best to withstand infection.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

(From the Home Papers.)

WITH reference to the concession for the Dedeagatch and Salonica Railway, the "Levant Herald" gives the total length of the line, which will have its eastern and western termini respectively at the two ports named as 280 miles. The railway will traverse the district lying between the Rhodope range of mountains and the Ægean, and the concession includes three branches which are optional, viz. :—(1) Between Gumuldjina and Lagos : (2) between Serres and Orphano ; (3) up the valley of the Mesta towards Djuma. The main line is to join the Oriental railway system at Feredjik at its eastern and at Karassoulou at its western extremity. A Government guarantee equivalent to about £1,000 per mile is to be given and secured on the tithe revenues of the district traversed in the same manner as the Anatolian Railway is guaranteed, the revenues being assigned to the Administration of the Public Debt. With regard to traffic prospects, it is pointed out that the line will establish communication between the three chief commercial centres of European Turkey, Constantinople, Adrianople, and Salonica. A very large passenger traffic between these centres, seawards by way of Constantinople already exists, several steamers running each way weekly. The sea voyage between Constantinople and Salonica at present takes sixty hours in fair weather and the railway journey by the new route will take only twenty. It is expected, therefore, not only that the existing passenger traffic will be diverted to the railway route, but that the shortening of the time and the avoidance of the uncertainties of the sea journey will induce a considerable expansion. There is also a large interchange of commodities between Salonica and Constantinople, consisting, from Salonica, of the cotton yarns spun there, some silk, cheese, salt fish, felted cloth, seed oils, lambskins, &c., and from Constantinople of the finer classes of manufactures and hardware. For most of these articles the shorter transit would probably obtain the preference. The local traffic is very considerable, perhaps more so than in any other district of European Turkey. The district is one of exceptional fertility, having a rich alluvial soil, abundantly watered, and being sheltered from the north and north-east winds. The line will serve several important towns, Salonica, Doiran, Demirhissar, Serres, Drama, Gumuldjina, &c., the smallest of which has 8,000 inhabitants, the largest 160,000, and there are villages scattered thickly over the district. Both towns and villages are busy and prosperous above the average, and the crops they produce—cotton, silk, tobacco, oil-seeds, and haricot beans—are rich in value and highly profitable. As regards future traffic development, the Constantinople paper looks for it from three sources :—(1) The extension of cultivation ; (2) the timber forests of the Rhodope ; (3) the opening out of mineral resources in the same locality. The whole Rhodope range is said to be full of mineral wealth, which remains undeveloped for lack of means of carriage, and the same obstacle bars the timber trade.

So far as the wine trade was concerned there was apparently some revival of activity during May, if we may judge by the satistics of the clearances from bond. Under the head of French red wine there was an increase of 50,922 gallons compared with the corresponding month last year ; the total for the five months, however, still shows a falling off to the extent of 47,207 gallons compared with last year's figures for the similar period. Under the head of French white wine there continued to be a contraction, 6,039 gallons being the decrease for the month, which brought up the total decrease for the expired portion of the year to 50,272 gallons. There has been practically no change in regard to port, the figures for the month showing a decrease of only nine gallons, but for the five months there is a decrease of 36,774 gallons. It must be remembered, however, as is pointed out in "Ridley's Wine and Spirit Trade Circular," that large public sales of port have recently been held, and it is not improbable that the clearances of this wine will be greatly increased in consequence this month. Spanish red wine shows an increase of 8,763 gallons in the May clearances, the decrease in this case for the five months being 2,399 gallons. The figures relating to Spanish white wines again show a continued falling off in the demand for sherry, the decrease for the month being 2,390 gallons and for the five months, 88,782 gallons. The uncertainty respecting the future commercial treaty relations between this country and Spain is clearly not benefiting Jerez. Wines from "other countries" show an increase of 46,962 gallons for the month, and 76,624 gallons for the five months, which is attributed rather to Italian than to colonial wines. Taking the figures altogether, there has been a net increase of 97,379 gallons in the clearances of wine for the month, representing mainly an increased demand for French red and Italian wines. The clearances of foreign and colonial spirits show a further decline of 55,952 gallons for the month, bringing the total contraction up to 92,003 gallons for the expired portion of 1892, as compared with the corresponding period of 1891, the decrease almost exclusively representing rum, the demand for which seems for some reason to be subsiding again after the remarkable expansion during recent years.

With reference to the progressive redemption of the United States bonded debt, the New York *Commercial Bulletin* points out that there has been no material change in the outstanding amount during the last eight months, nor is there likely to be any during the remainder of the fiscal year, which terminates at the end of this month. The figures at the end of May show a reduction during the fiscal year from 610,500,000dol. to 585,000,000 dol., or of about 25,000,000dol., compared with an annual rate of reduction of more than 100,000,000dol., for several years preceding. The Four per Cent. bonds outstanding have not changed materially in amount during the current fiscal year, and 50,800,000dol., of Four and Half per Cent. bonds outstanding on July 1, 1891, have been either redeemed or extended at 2 per cent. On September 30, 1891, the outstanding Four per Cent. bonds were 550,000,000dol. in amount and the new Two per Cents. 25,300,000dol., and there has since been but slight change. Of the 25,300,000 dol. of extended bonds 21,800,000 dol. are held as security for National Bank note circulation and 1,700,000dol. for deposits of public money, less than 2,000,000dol. of the entire issue being outside of the Treasury vaults.

In his consular report on the trade of Algeria during the last two years Sir Lambert Playfair remarks that during 1890 there was a decrease of about £8,000 in the declared value of the British cotton goods imported, and that there is no reason to suppose that there was any increase last year. It is impossible, he adds, to foresee with any certainty the full effect of the recent protective measures, which came into force on February 1, as regards British trade with Algeria. There has already been a falling off during the last decade of from £200,000 to £240,000, owing to Rouen having almost monopolised the trade in unbleached calicoes which formerly came from Manchester. About 600 bales of these goods arrive in Algiers every month. Before the introduction of the present tariff the duties levied on cotton goods represented about 25 per cent. of their values ; now from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. has been added. The articles principally affected were printed cotton goods, which seem likely to be driven out of the market altogether ; fancy figured muslins, which formerly came from Glasgow, are now chiefly received from France, and fancy white brocades and checks, made in Jacquard looms, will have to support an almost prohibitive duty. An inevitable effect of this measure will be to cause considerable smuggling on the Morocco and Tunisian frontiers in goods which have to pay in Algiers nearly 40 per cent., but which are admitted into the neighbouring markets with an "ad valorem" duty of only 8 per cent.

The imports of tinplates into the United States appear to be steadily increasing again, in spite of the M'Kinley tariff. It will be remembered that just before the increase in the duty exceptionally large quantities were imported, 350,000,000lb., or a supply for six months according to the normal imports, being imported above what was previously considered the normal average importation. For this reason the imports during the six months following the imposition of the new duty did not exceed 105,000,000lb. At the beginning of the current year, however, the accumulation had largely passed into consumption, and as stocks were running low the imports began to expand. The following table shows the figures according to the American official returns for the first four months of this year :—

	lb.
January	30,612,209
February	42,338,245
March	67,498,960
April	70,489,102

For the instruction of the followers of Mr. M'Kinley, the "New York Times" compares the figures for March and April with the average monthly import in 1889 and 1890, when the trade was not disturbed by the new tariff legislation, as follows :—

	lb.
Monthly average for 1889	60,662,164
Monthly average for 1890	56,222,038
Imports in March, 1892	67,498,960
Imports in April, 1892	70,489,102

Thus since March 1 this year the monthly imports have exceeded the average for the years preceding the raising of the duty. The New York paper adds :—"The duty on the quantity imported in March and April would have been at the old rate, 1,379,880dol., under the new rate it was 3,035,737dol., an increase of 1,655,857dol. We shall be disappointed if our high-tariff friends persist in ignoring this import movement and the significance of it."

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From *The Lancet March,* 12th. 1887.

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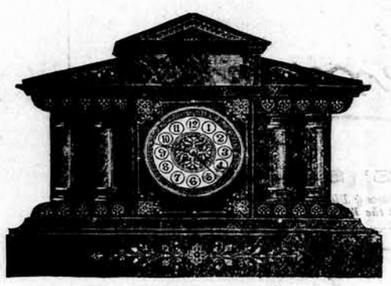

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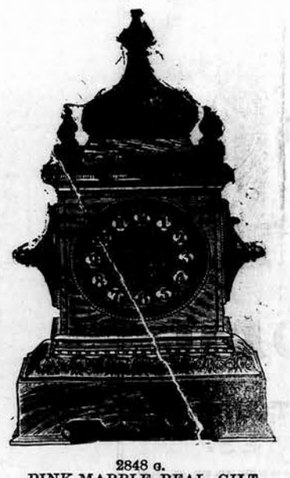

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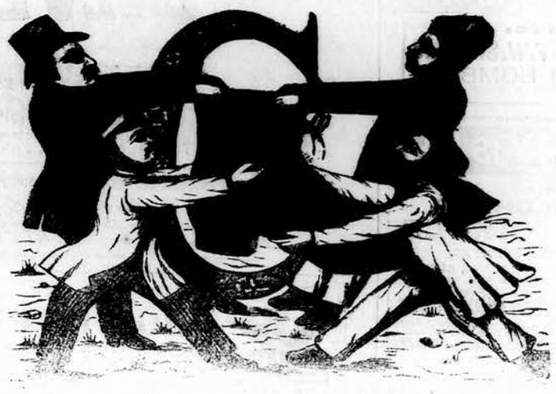

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